

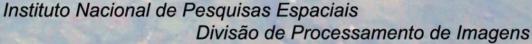
5th Workshop Foz do Iguaçu, Brazil 19-20 November 2012



Examples of TerraHidro Use for Watershed Management

Laércio M. Namikawa
Sergio Rosim
João Ricardo de Freitas Oliveira
Alexandre Copertino Jardim









TerraHidro

Distributed Hydrological Modeling System using Graph Structure for Unified Water Flow Representation

Local Drainage Direction – LDD - extracted from terrain data





TerraHidro

Usual Solution for Flow Representation

Different data structures for terrain representations using: regular grids, triangular irregular networks, contour lines, irregular polygon tessellations

Our Solution

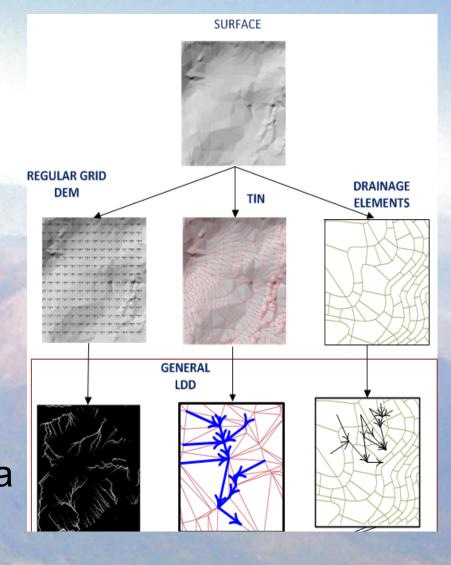
One data structure based on Graph Theory, independent of the data structures used for terrain representation

One Implementation for Water Flow Operations

Concept: Usual Solution

Extract local flows from different terrain representations

Local flows are mapped in a structure similar to terrain representation structure

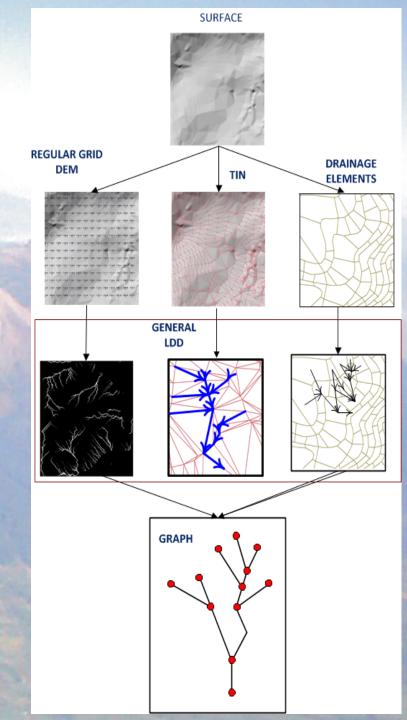




Concept: TerraHidro Solution

Local flows are mapped to
the same data structure

Applications do not depend
on the terrain data structure

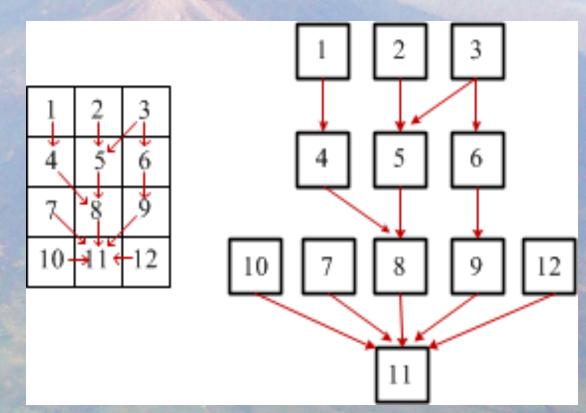


Regular Grid LDD to Graph

Each LDD grid cell represents a graph node

Flow from a cell to a neighbor cell defines a

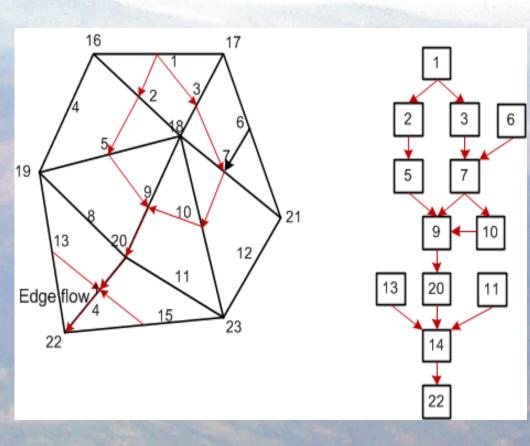
graph edge





TIN LDD to Graph

Each triangle edge starting or ending a flow represents a graph node If the flow goes along a edge, the edge vertices are graph



nodes



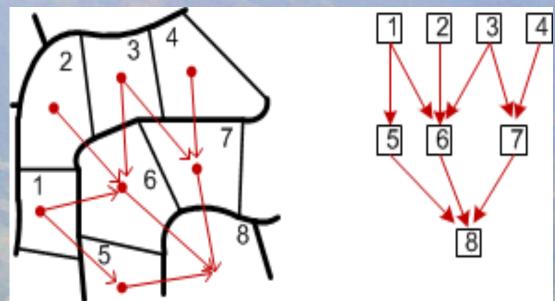
Contour Lines LDD to Graph

Flows from each cell to one or more neighbors,

passing through their centers

Cell numbers are graph nodes

Links are graph edges

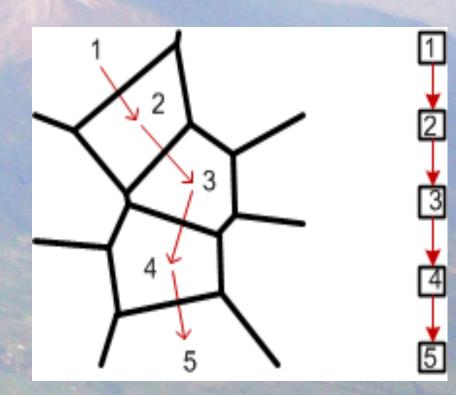




Contour Lines LDD to Graph

Each Voronoi polygon is a graph node

Links from one polygon to other are graph edges

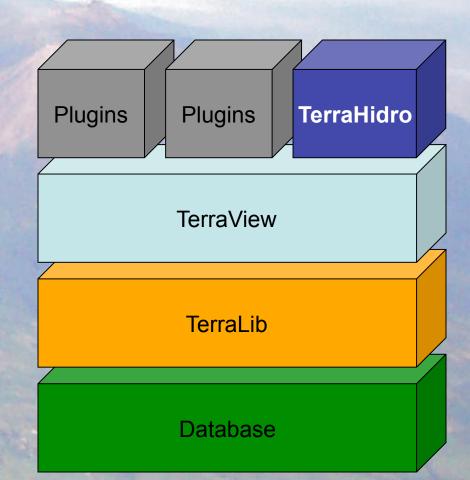




Development Environment

TerraHidro is a TerraView Plugin

TerraView is a GIS application built using TerraLib





Current Functionalities

LDD Extraction

Upscaling

LDD redefinition similar to a lower resolution

Accumulation Area

Contributing area for any location

Drainage Network Definition

Drainage network for a given accumulation threshold





Current Functionalities

River Segments

Segments from springs to junctions, between junctions, a from junctions to river mouth

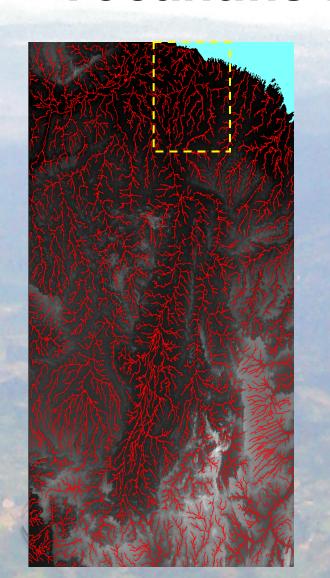
Watershed Delimitation

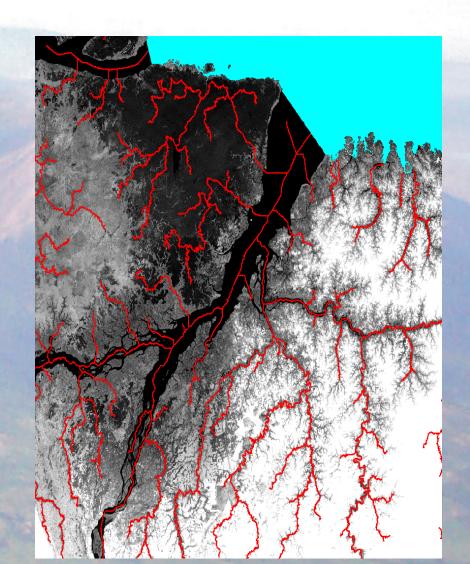
Defined for one or more points on the drainage network





Example Tocantins River – Amazon Basin

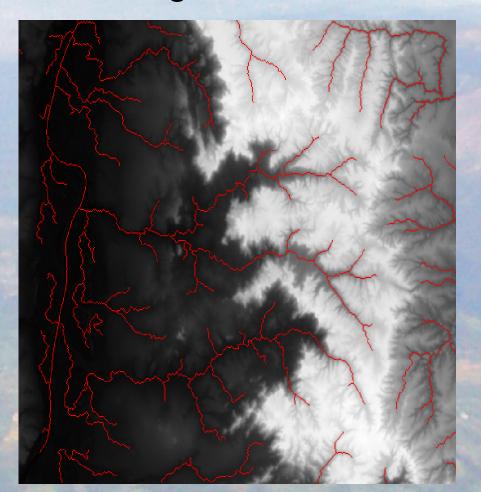


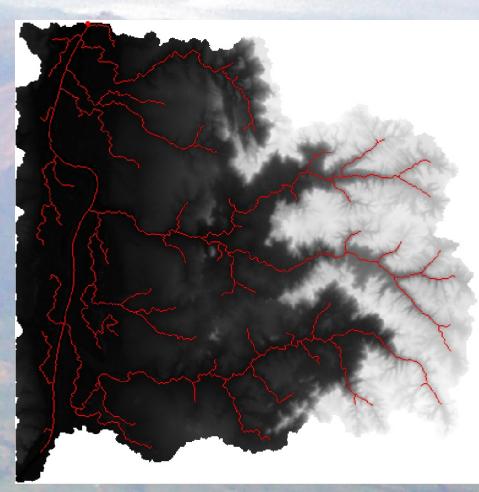


Example

Accumulation Area / Drainage Network

Delimitation for One Point

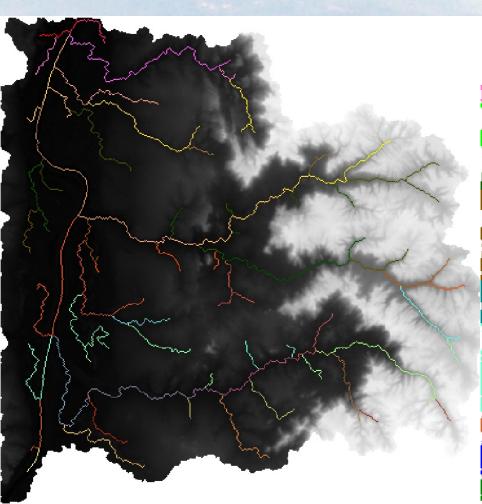


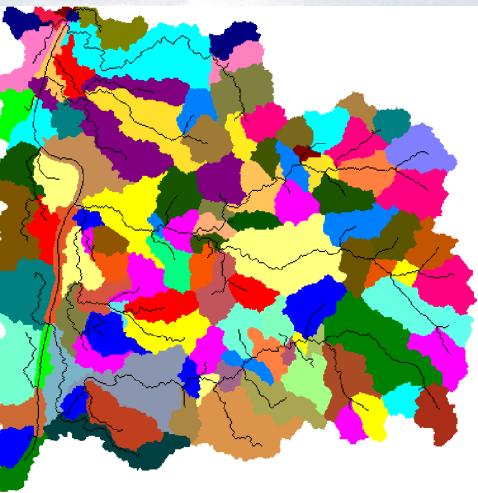


Example

River Segments

Watershed Delimitation





Robustness Test – Amazon Basin

SRTM (90m) Grid size:

1,244,160,000

Rows: 32,400

Columns: 38,400

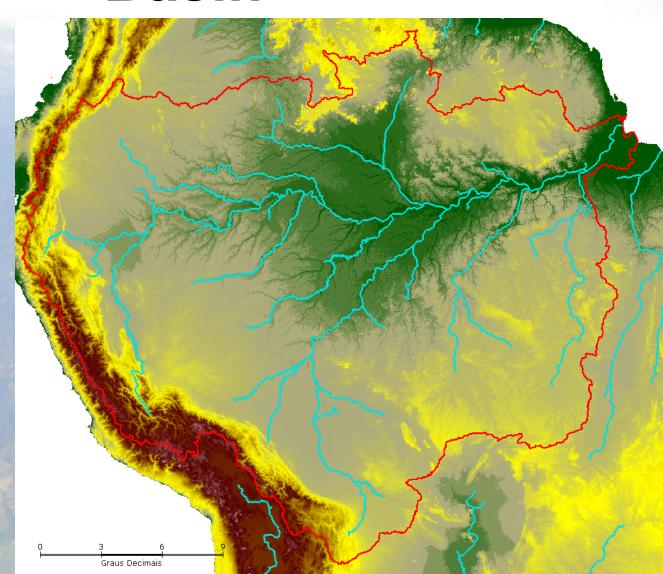
Processing time:

360:16:25

Initial number of

pits: 65,670,466

Unsolved pits: 0



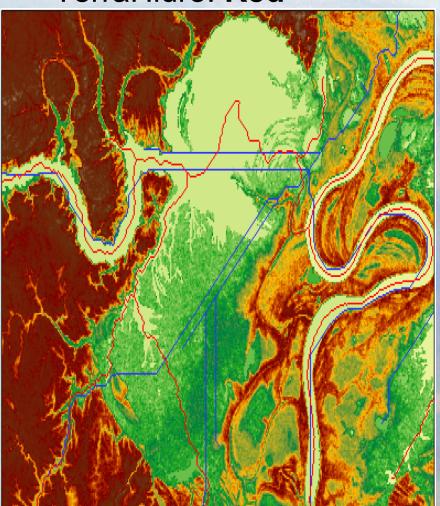
South America SRTM



Quality Comparison

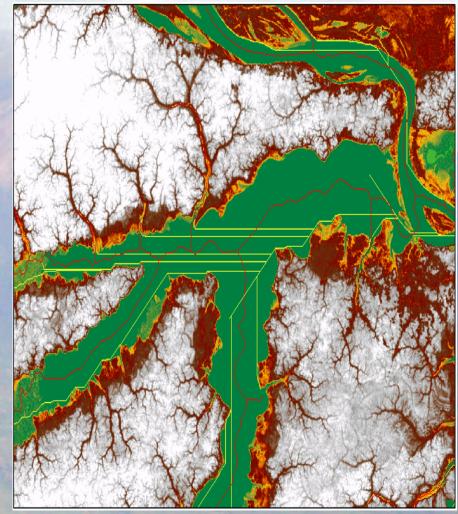
ArcGis HydroTools: Blue

TerraHidro: Red

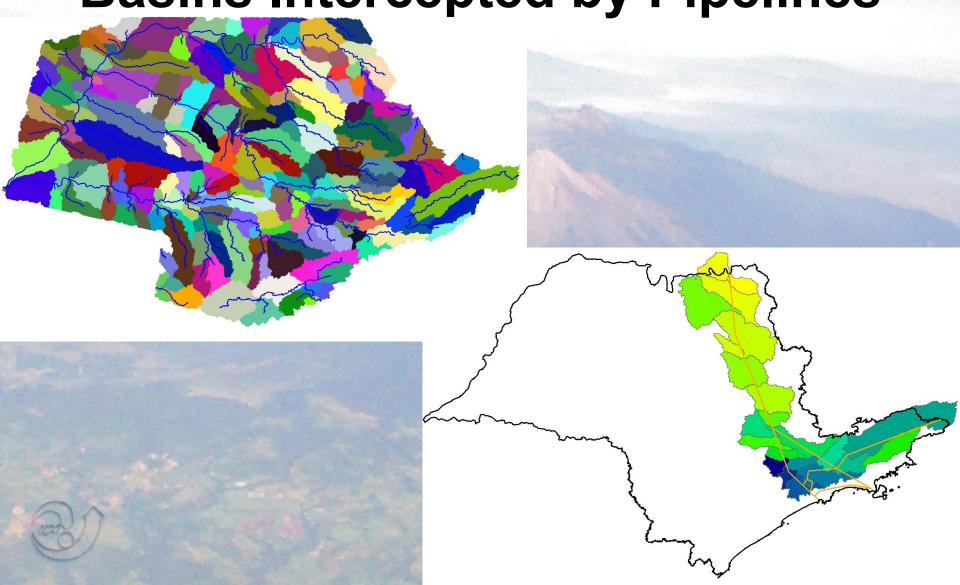


ArcGis HydroTools: Yellow

TerraHidro: Red



Application Example Basins Intercepted by Pipelines



Thank You!

laercio@dpi.inpe.br sergio@dpi.inpe.br joao@dpi.inpe.br alexandre@dpi.inpe.br



