Remote sensing contribution to sustainable sugarcane production

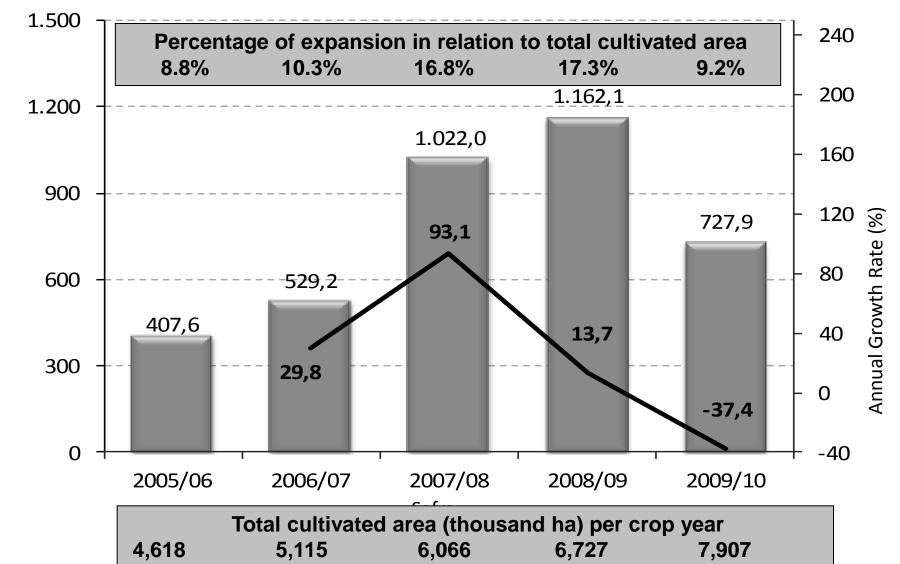
- Cultivated Area
- Expansion
- •dLUC
- Land conversion classes
- Harvest monitoring
- Permanent Protected Areas
- Crop yield

Who?



Bernardo Friedrich Theodor Rudorff Researcher Ph.D Agronomy – Uni. Maryland at College Park, 1993 Remote sensing applied to agriculture

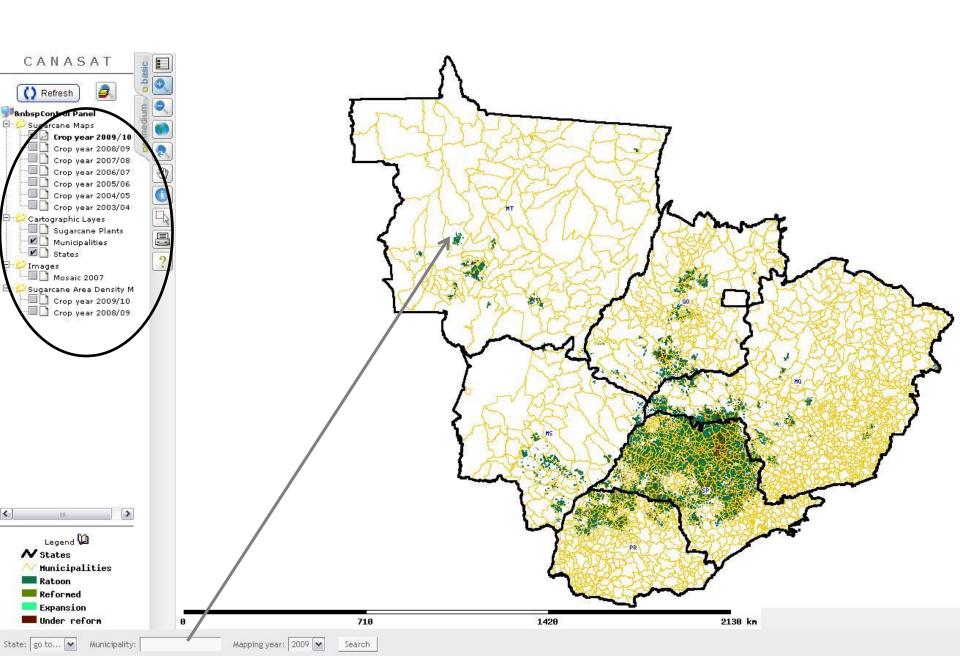
Sugarcane Expansion in South-Central Brazil Five Crop Years: 2005/06 to 2009/10

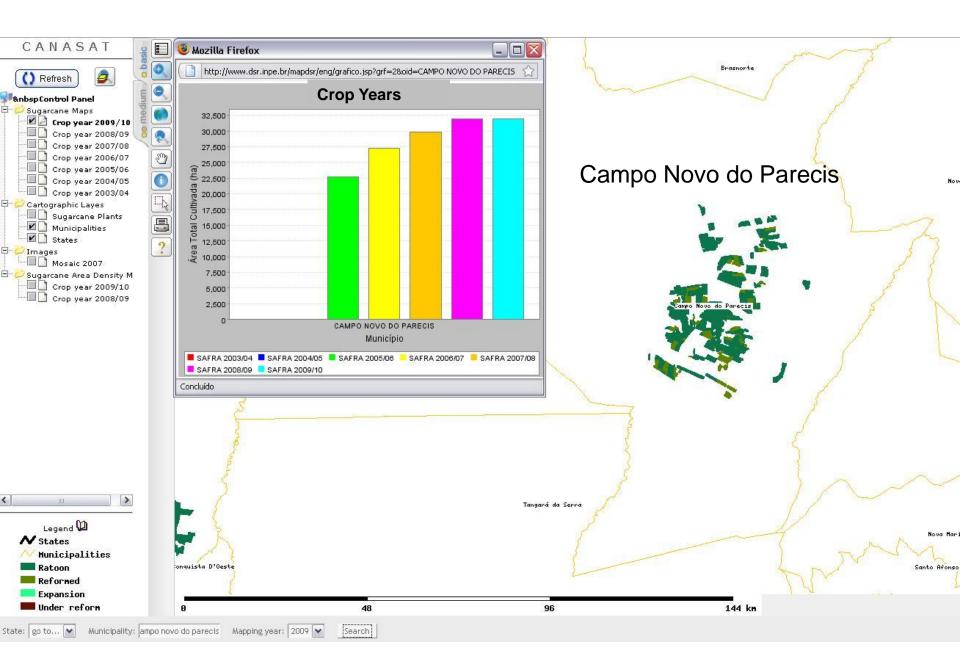


Area (1,000 ha)

www.dsr.inpe.br/canasat













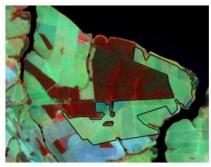
UNIÃO DA INDÚSTRIA DE CANA-DE-AÇÚCAR

ETANOL • AÇÚCAR • ENERGIA SÃO PAULO • BRASIL

direct Land Use Change & & Sugarcane expansion

Land conversion to sugarcane evaluated from satellite images

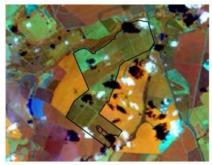
Pasture



6a) 12/09/06

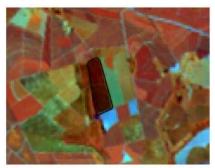
Soybean

Citrus

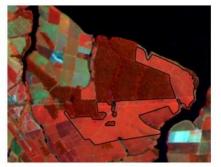


8a) 04/03/06

Arboreous Vegetation



9a) 21/04/06



6b) 26/04/08

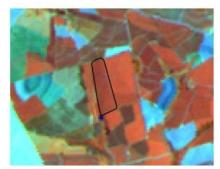


7a) 21/04/06

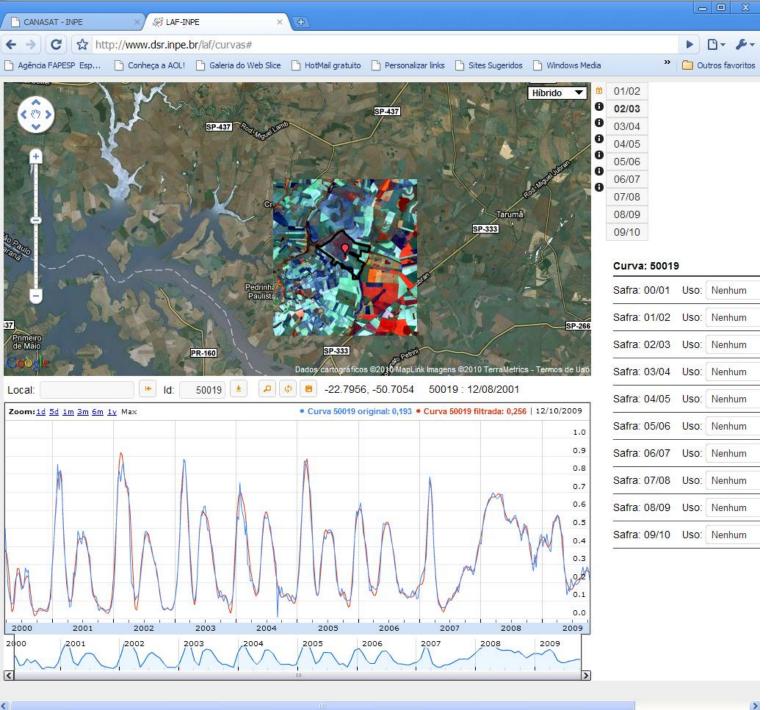
7b) 26/04/08



8b) 26/04/08



9b) 26/04/08



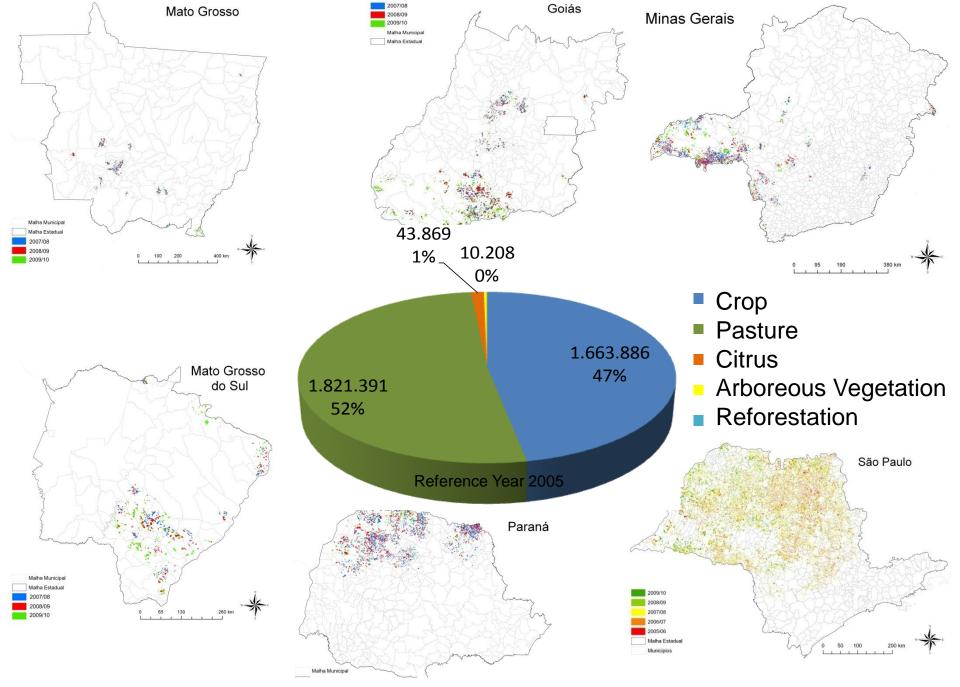
"Sustainability criteria for biofuels and other bioliquids"

Directive of the European Parliament and of the Council on the promotion of the use of energy from renewable sources - Article 17 (§ 3, 4 e 5)

1st January 2008 - no conversion of high biodiversity land to biofuels production

Area (ha) of high biodiversity land converted to sugarcane after 1st January 2008

| | Goiás | Minas Gerais | Mato Grosso do Sul | Mato Grosso | Paraná | São Paulo | Total |
|---|---------|-----------------|--------------------------|----------------|--------|--------------|-------------------------------|
| Conversion from Pasture or Agricultural Crop to Sugarcane | 135,093 | 96,195 | 121,468 | 17,568 | 35,474 | 320,394 | 726,193 |
| Conversion from Natural Vegetation to Sugarcane | - | 33 | 80 | - | 79 | 931 | 1,123 <mark>(0.15%)</mark> |



Expansion over the last three crop seasons: 2007/08; 2008/09 and 2009/10

Harvest type with and without straw burning

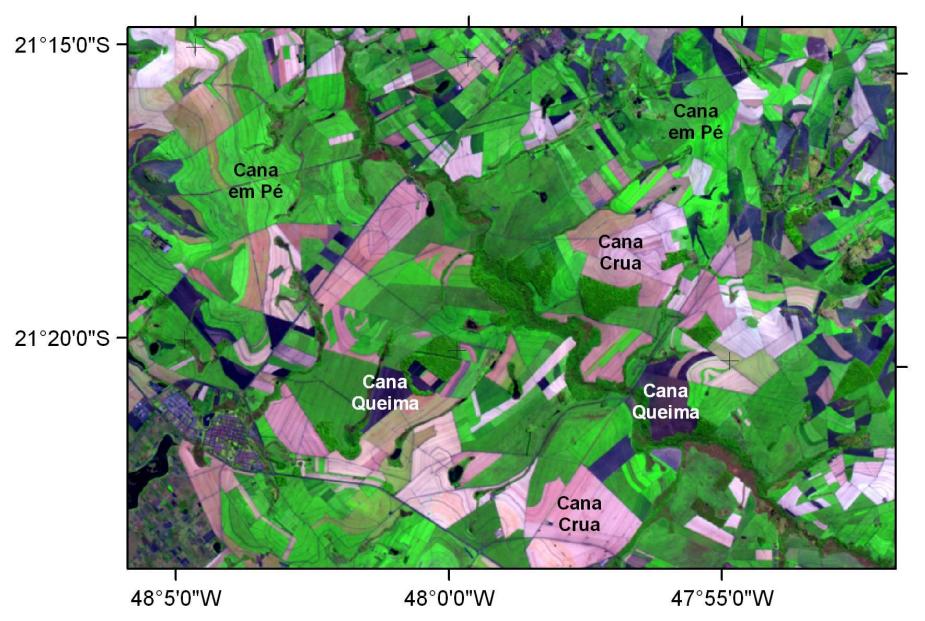






Sugarcane with and without straw burning

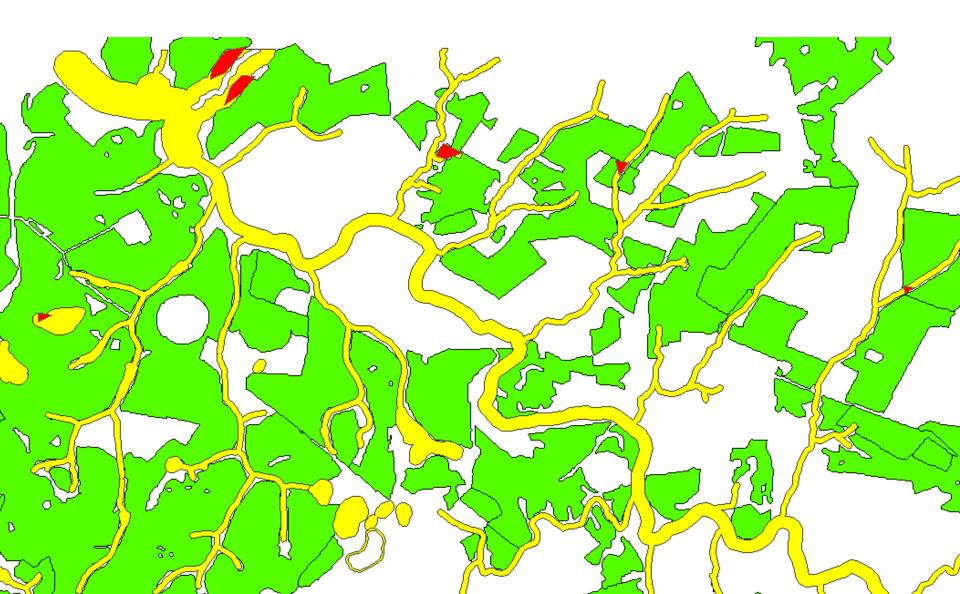




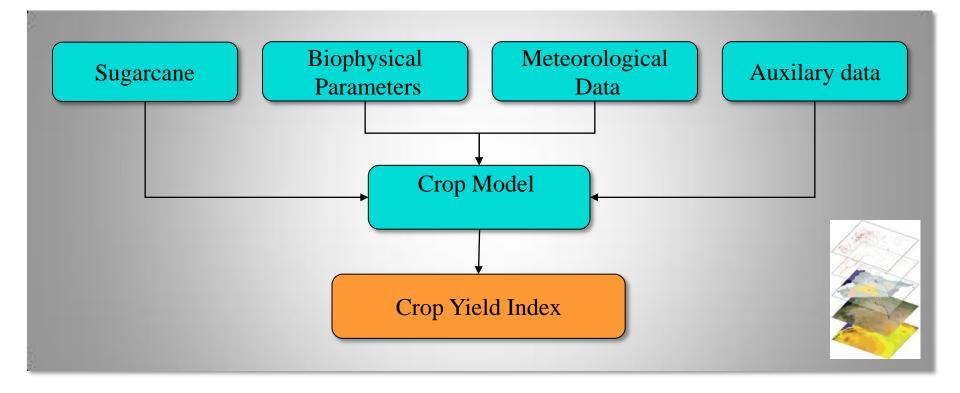
Percentage of sugarcane area harvested without and with straw burning

| | Harve | est Type | _ |
|-------------------|-----------------|--------------|-------------|
| Harvest Season | Without Burning | With Burning | _ |
| 2006 | 34.2 | 65.8 | |
| 2007 | 46.6 | 53.4 | |
| 2008 | 49.1 | 50.9 | |
| 2009 | 55.5 | 44.5 | |
| 2010 | 58.2 | 41.8 | In progress |
| 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | - 2009 |

Mapping of Permanent Protected Areas

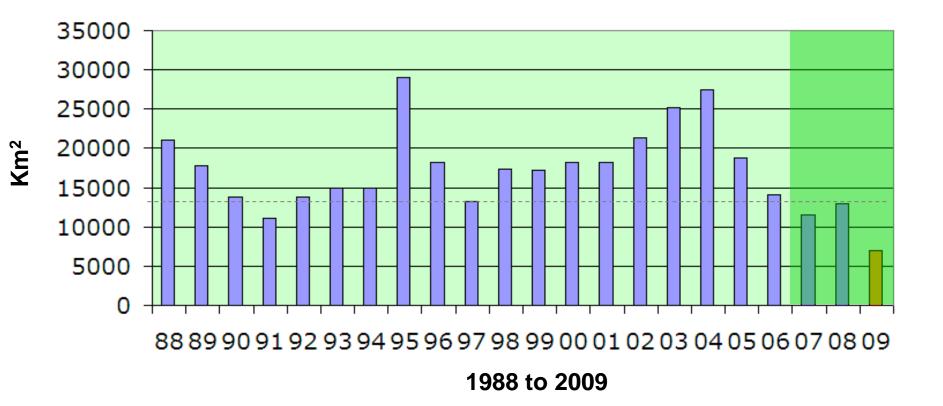


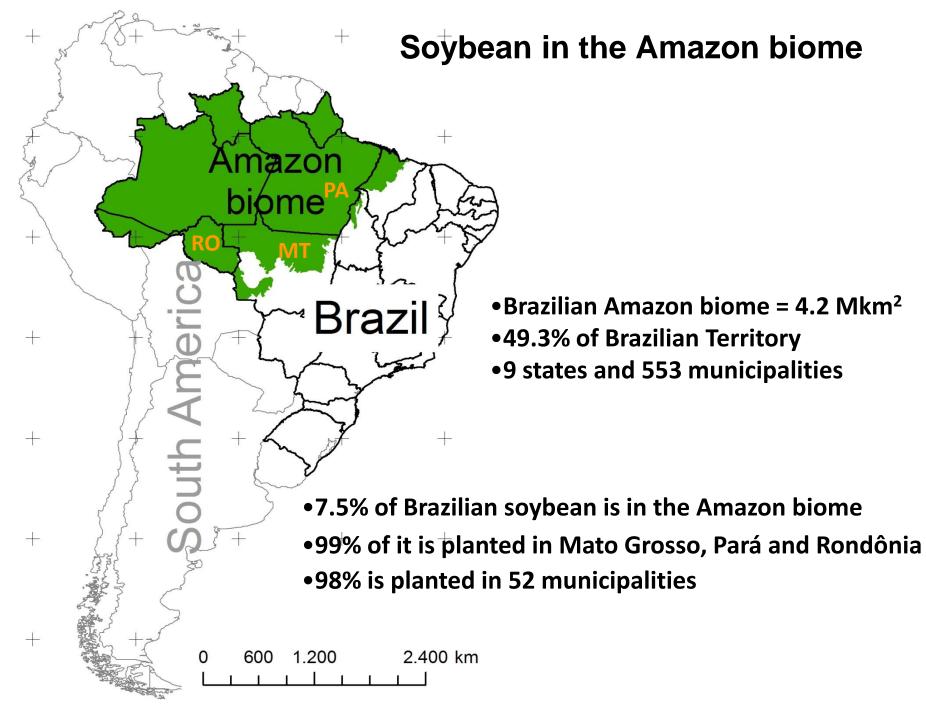
Yield

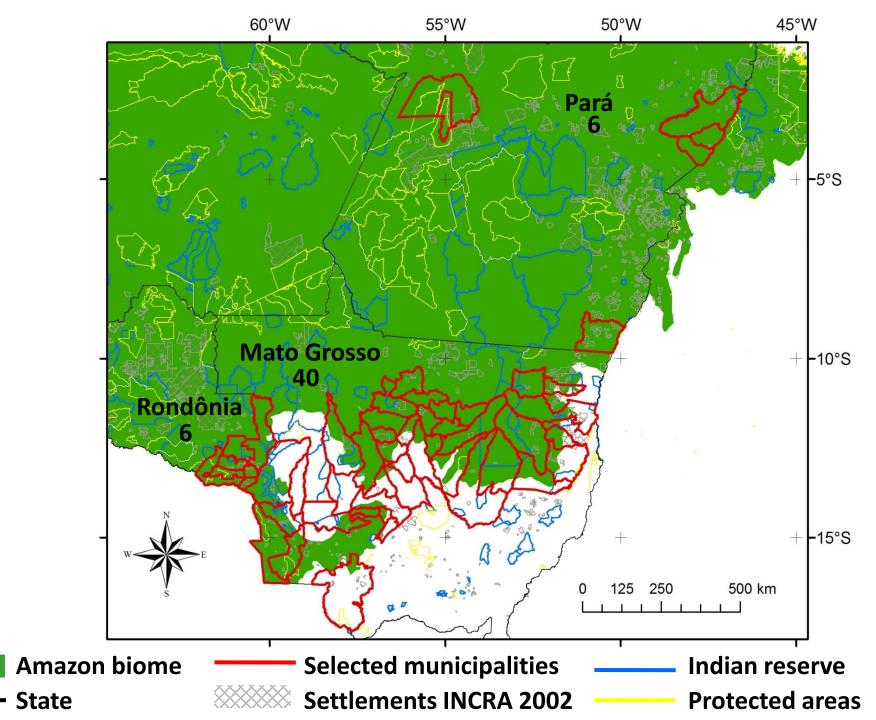


MONITORING OF SOYBEAN MORATORIUM USING REMOTE SENSING IMAGES Crop Year 2009/10

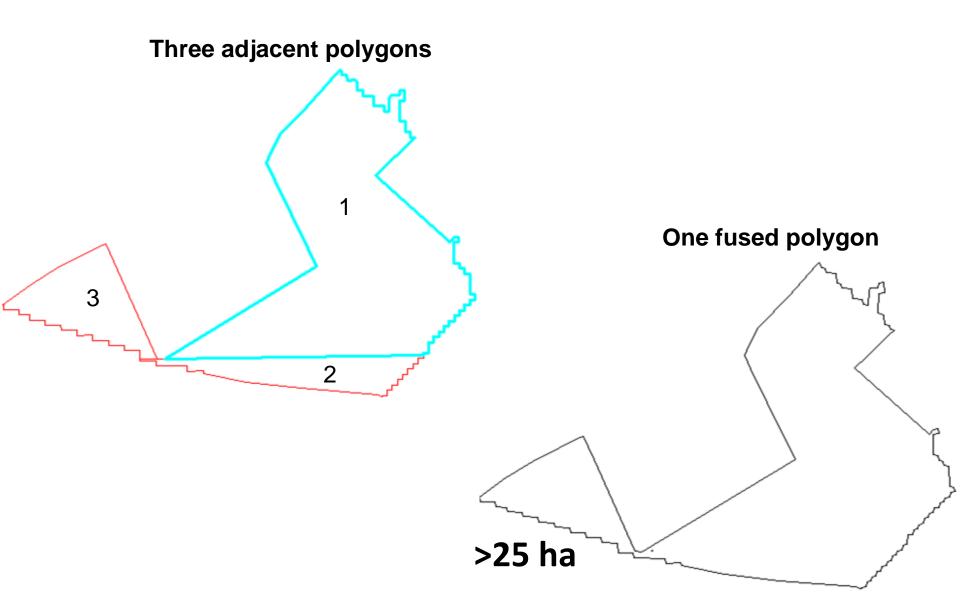
PRODES – Deforestation in the Legal Amazon







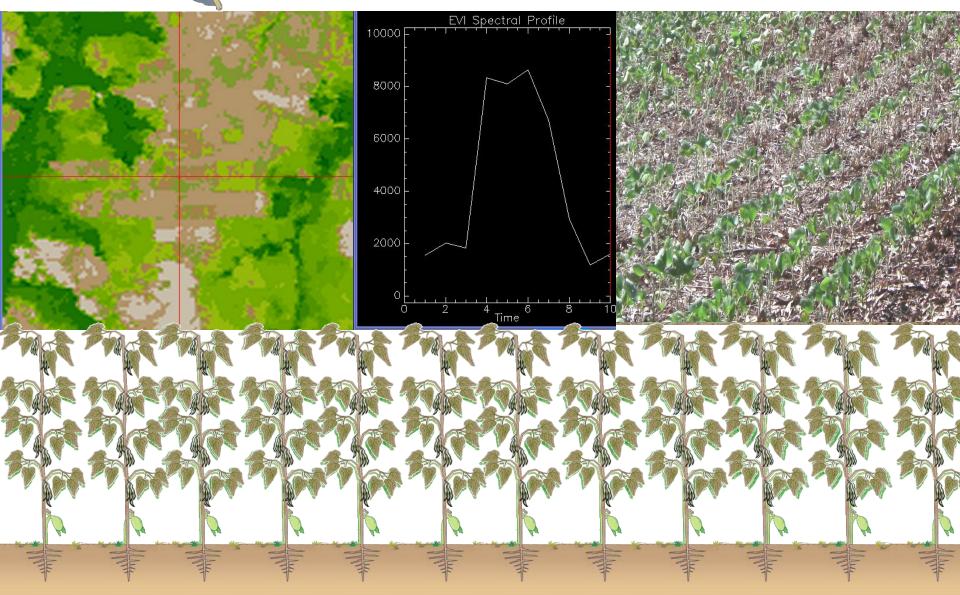
Fusion of adjacent polygons



Number (n) and area (ha) of deforested polygons after the Soybean Moratorioum

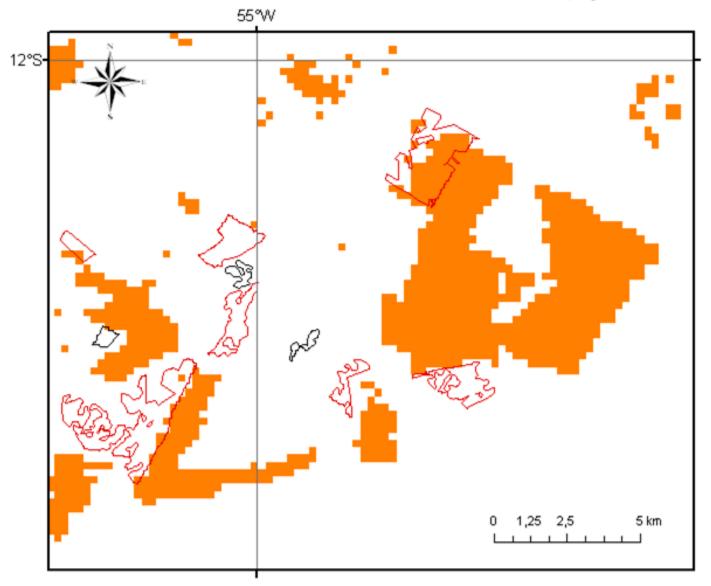
| Classes | Mato Grosso | | Pará | | Rondônia | | Sub total | |
|-----------|------------------|--------------------|----------------|-------------------|---------------|------------------|-----------------|-------------------|
| (ha) | n | (ha) | n | (ha) | n | (ha) | n | (ha) |
| 25 a 50 | 878 | 30,714 | 498 | 16,924 | 90 | 2,929 | 1,466 | 50,557 |
| 50 a 100 | 499 | 35,307 | 256 | 17,790 | 41 | 2,915 | 796 | 56,011 |
| >100 | 504 | 148,542 | 167 | 41,781 | 22 | 5,256 | 693 | 195,581 |
| Sub total | 1,881 (63.7%) | 214,563 (71.0%) | 921 (31.2%) | 76,495 (25.3%) | 153 (5.1%) | 11,100 (3.7%) | 2,955 (100%) | 302,149 (100%) |



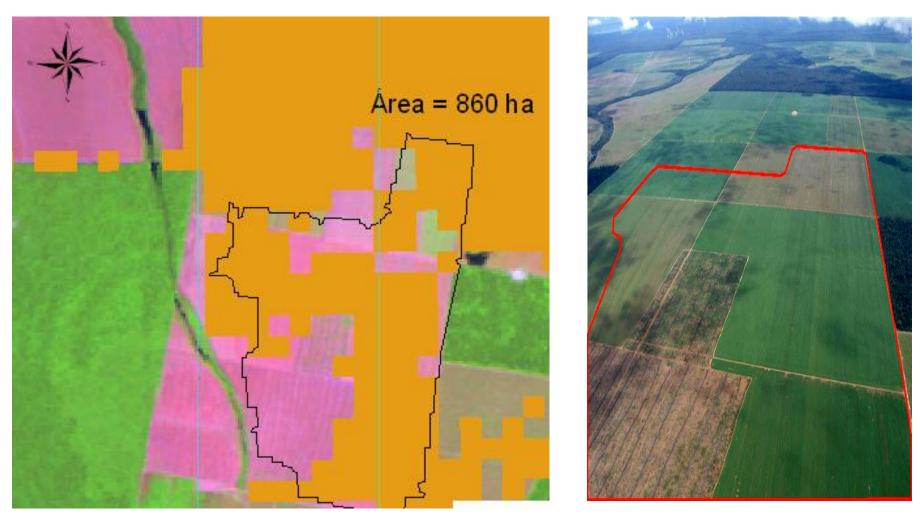


MODIS image classification to identify

annual crops in the 2,955 selected polygons



Soybean in deforested polygon after 24 July 2006



Panoramic aerial photography

Landsat image in background MODIS image classification

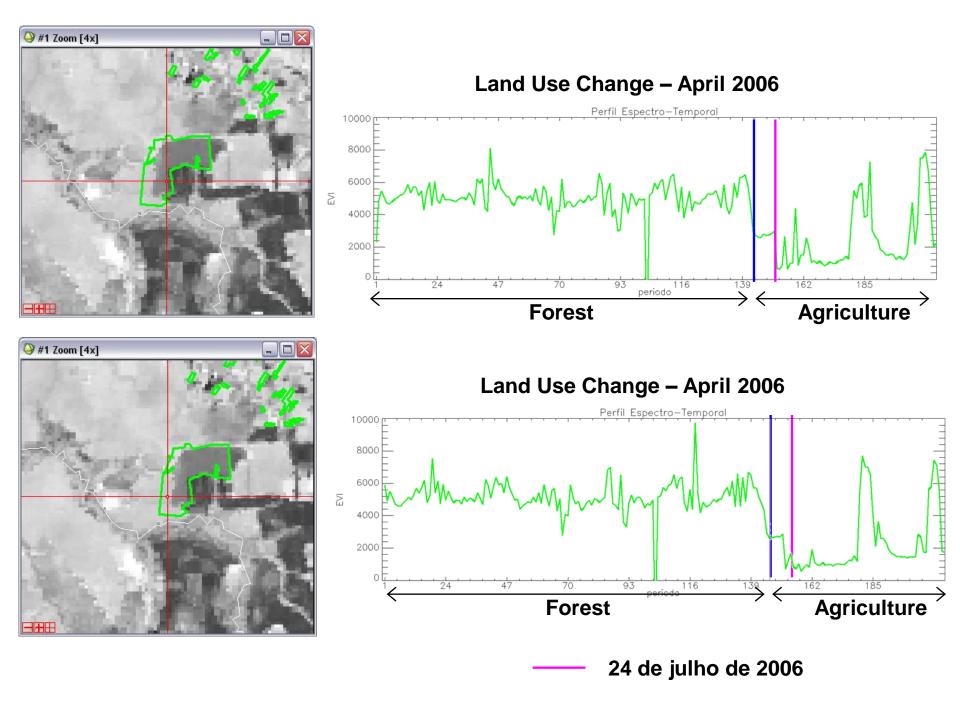
Soybean in deforested polygon after 24 July 2006



Landsat image in background MODIS image classification



Panoramic aerial photography



Selected polygons as annual crop and soybean

| Classes (ha) | Sate | llite ¹ | Aircraft ² | | |
|-----------------|-------------------|--------------------|-----------------------|---------|--|
| | No Annual Crop | Annual Crop | Annual Crop | Soybean | |
| 25 to 50 | 1,374 | 92 | 49 | 28 | |
| 50 to 100 | 755 | 41 | 22 | 14 | |
| >100 | 632 | 61 | 45 | 34 | |
| Total | 2,761 | 194 | 116 | 76 | |

Annual crop identification by Terra/MODIS and Landsat/TM images
Soybean identification by panoramic aerial photography and field work

Polygons with soybean

| Classes | Mato Grosso | | Pará | | Rondônia | | Sub total | |
|--------------|-------------|-------|------|-------|----------|------|-----------|-------|
| (ha) | n | (ha) | n | (ha) | n | (ha) | n | (ha) |
| 25 a 50 | 22 | 647 | 6 | 132 | | | 28 | 780 |
| 50 a 100 | 9 | 323 | 5 | 265 | | | 14 | 588 |
| >100 | 25 | 3,701 | 8 | 1,198 | 1 | 29 | 34 | 4,927 |
| Sub total | 56 | 4,670 | 19 | 1,596 | 1 | 29 | 76 | 6,295 |

Summary

- 7.5% of the Brazilian soybean is planted in the Amazon biome;
- 98% of this soybean is planted in 52 municipalities;
- 2,955 deforested polygons (>25 ha), in these municipalities, were monitored by satellite images;
- 194 polygons were classifyed as annual crop using satellite images;
- 76 polygons were identified as soybean using aircraft;
- 6,295 ha of soybean were planted in these deforested polygons which corresponds to 0.36% of the soybean area in the Amazon biome.