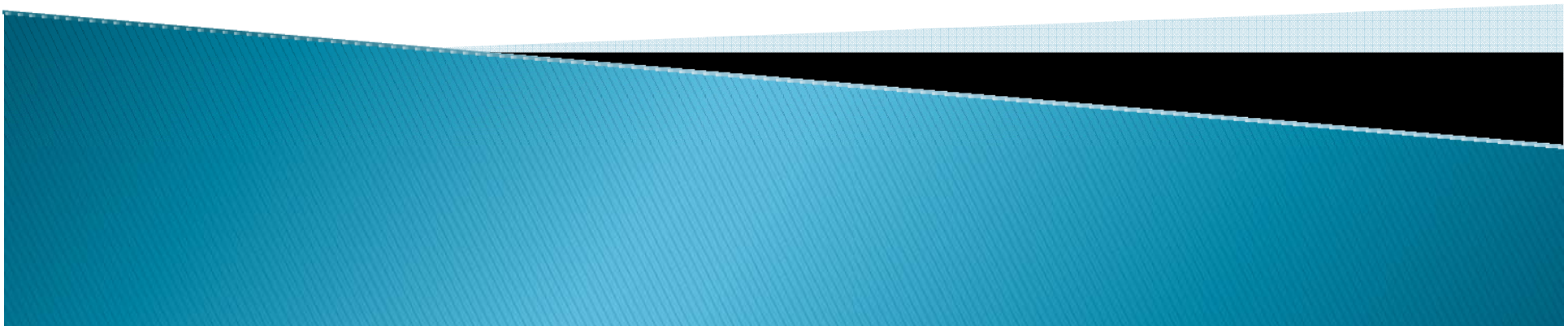




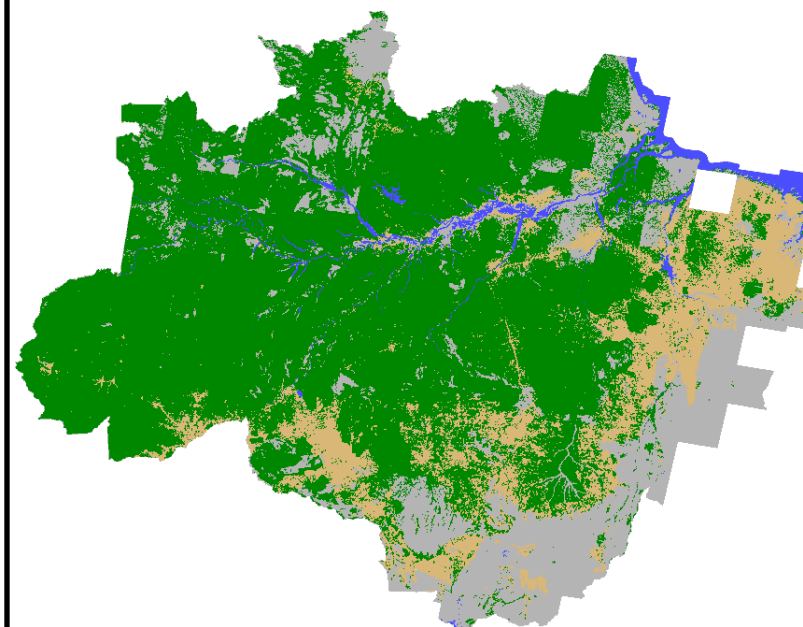
# Characterization of human occupation trajectories: Patterns in the Amazon through Data Mining

Leila Fonseca, Isabel Escada,  
Érika Saito, Thales Korting

ABCC WORKSHOP – Perth, Australia – August 23–25, 2011



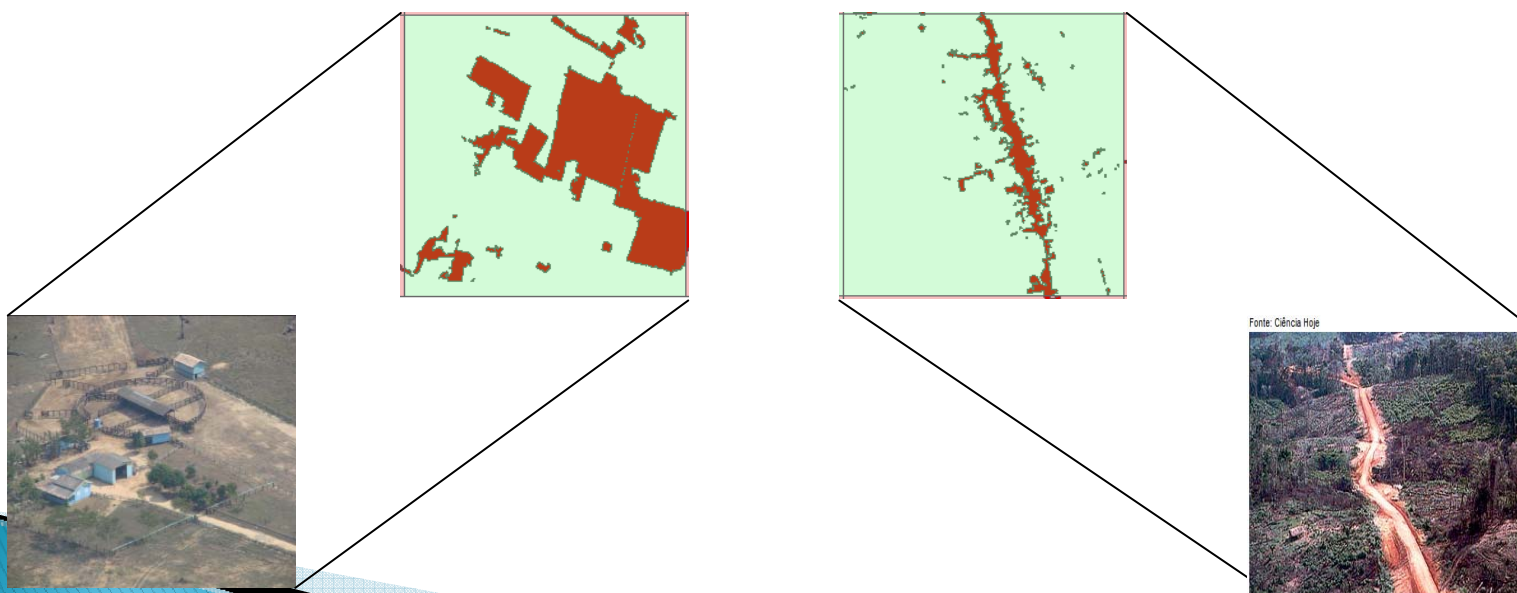
# Working hypothesis



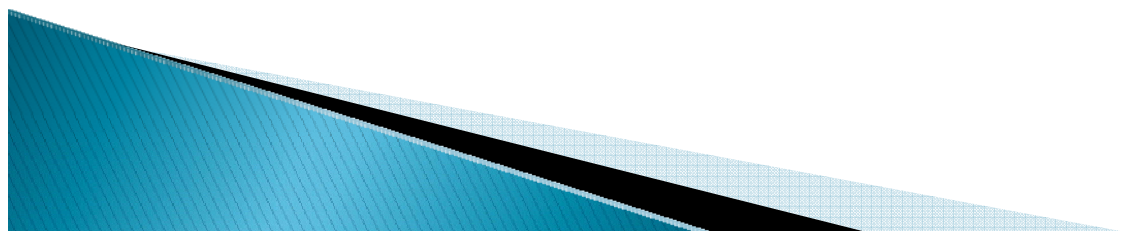
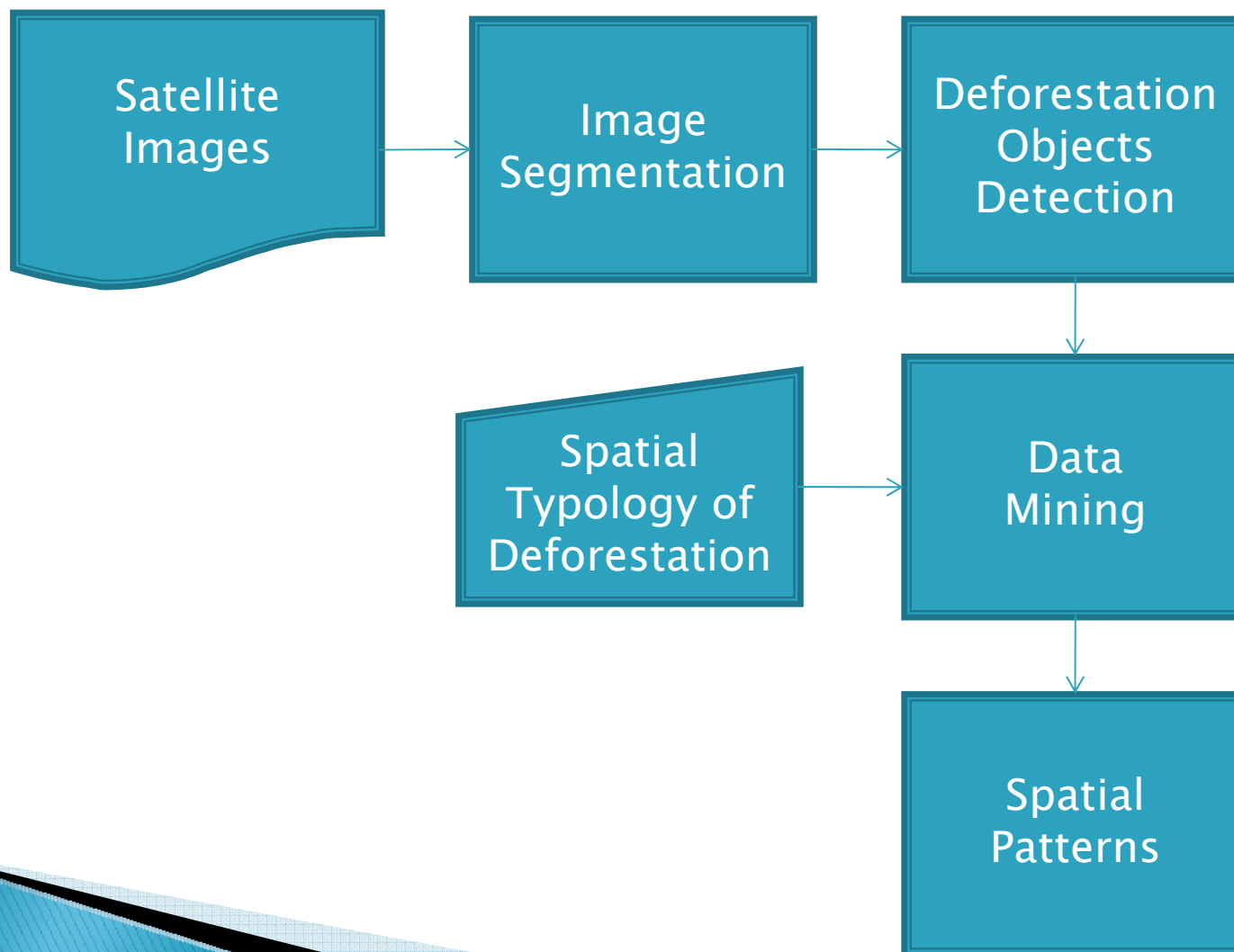
The Brazilian Amazon has different institutional arrangements that influence the spatial and temporal patterns of deforestation

# Objectives

- ▶ Identify and analyze patterns of deforestation
- ▶ Associate deforestation to human activities
- ▶ Detect trajectories of land occupation



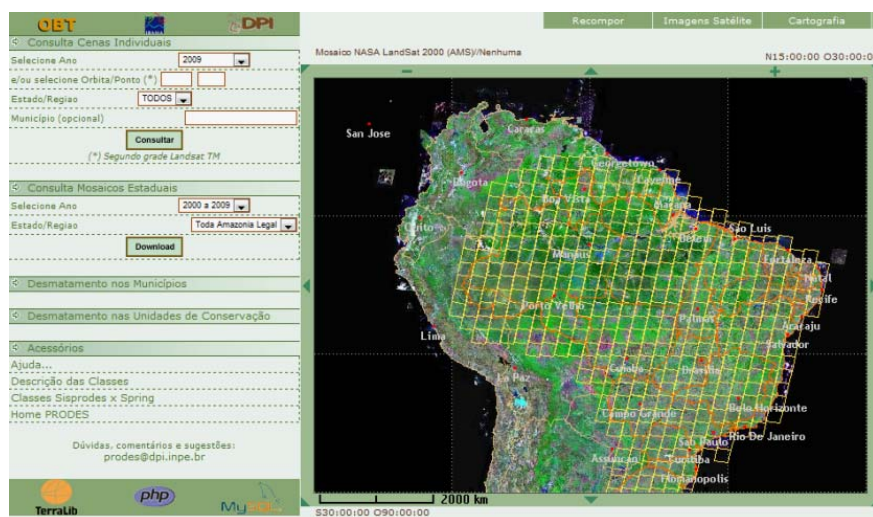
# How to detect deforestation patterns?



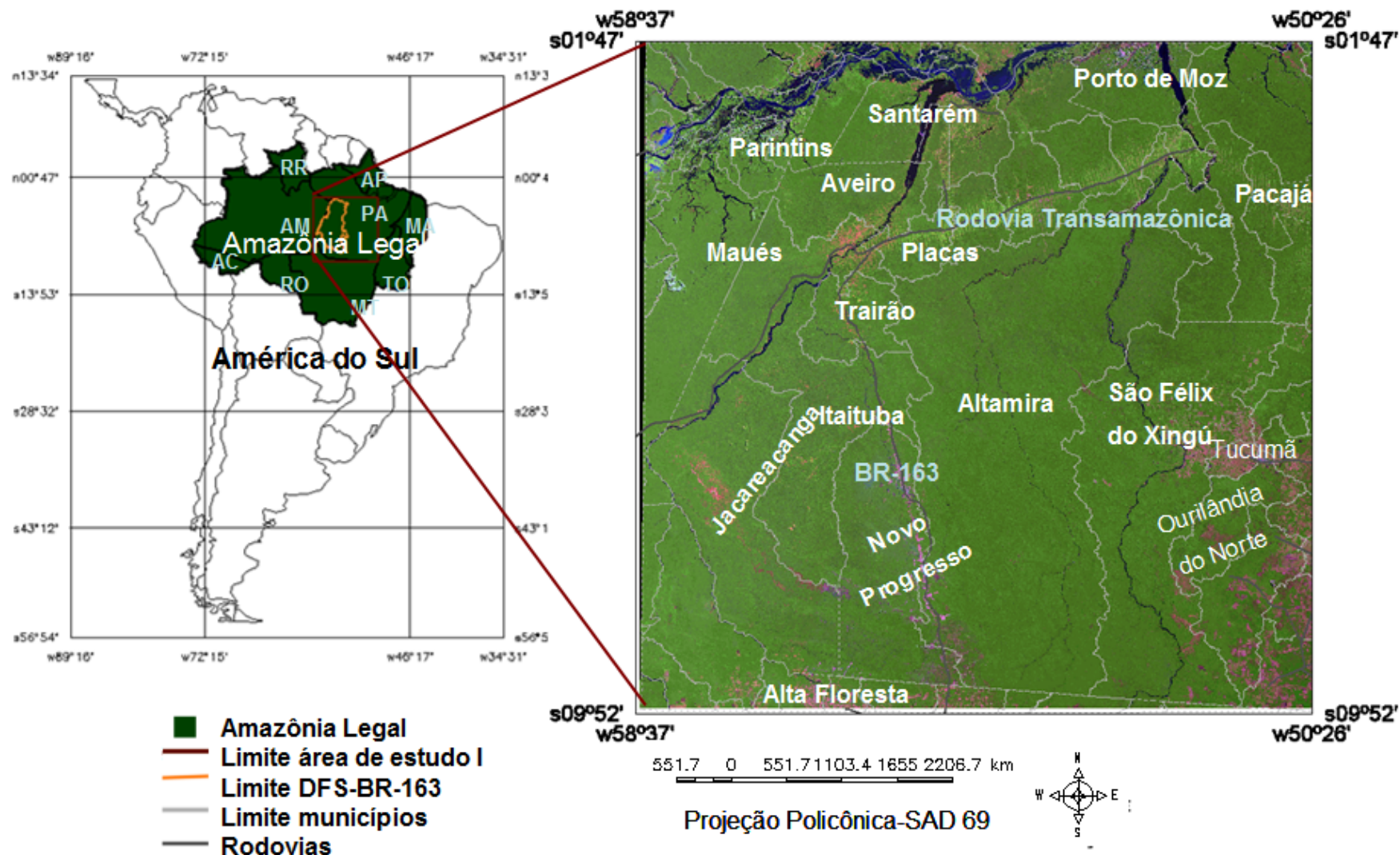


# PRODES – input data

- ▶ Amazon monitoring using satellite imagery
- ▶ Annual rates of deforestation
- ▶ [www.obt.inpe.br/prodes](http://www.obt.inpe.br/prodes)



# Study Case





# Methodology – GeoDMA

## GeoDMA – Geographical Data Mining Analyst

Free and open source system developed in C++ devoted to data mining analysis with geographical data. It is a plugin for [TerraView](http://www.dpi.inpe.br/terra-view/) GIS  
<http://www.dpi.inpe.br/geodma>

The image shows a screenshot of the GeoDMA plugin interface within the TerraView 3.4.0 GIS environment. The interface is divided into several sections:

- Top Left:** A banner for GeoDMA (Geographical Data Mining Analyst) with a background image of a landscape and the text "(KORTING et al., 2008)".
- Left Panel (Blue):** Titled "Create cell layer", it shows a grid overlay on a landscape image. A red arrow points from the grid to a larger, detailed view of a 50km x 50km cell layer.
- Right Panel (Red):** Titled "Extract Landscape Ecology Metrics", it displays a list of metrics available for extraction, including:
  - c\_AWMPFDMetric
  - c\_AWMSIMetric
  - c\_CAMetric
  - c\_EDMetric
  - c\_LSIMetric
  - c\_MPARMetric
  - c\_MPFDMetric
  - c\_MPSPMetric
  - c\_MSIMetric
  - c\_PDMetric
  - c\_PercentLand
  - c\_PSCOVMetric
- Bottom Panel (White):** The TerraView 3.4.0 interface, showing the "Databases" panel with "BD\_00012" and "prodes0001" listed, and the "GeoDMA Plugin" panel.

# Deforestation patterns

 Deforestation

 Forest



Geometric



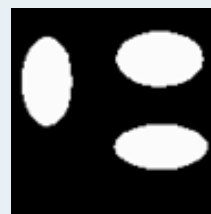
Corridor



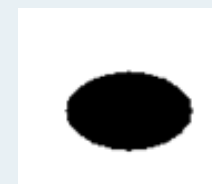
Fishbone



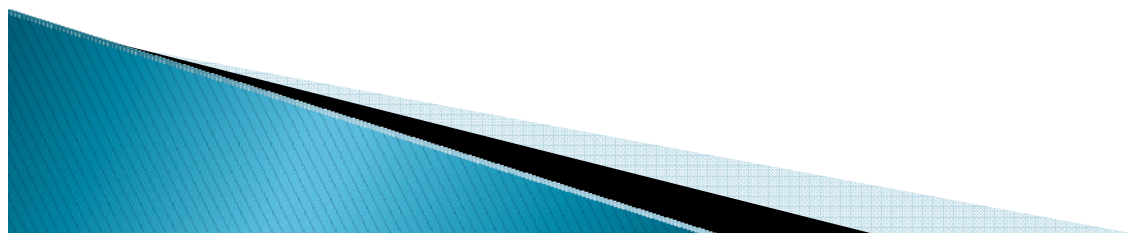
Diffuse



Fragmented



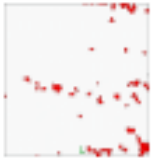


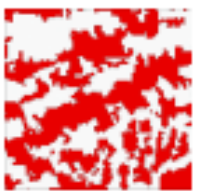

Island

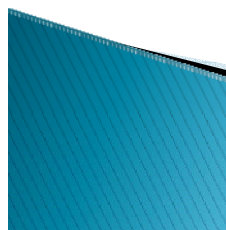




# Human Occupation Patterns

## Typology – Deforestation Patches

	Pattern	Pattern Description (1:100.000)	Semantic
	Diffuse	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Small and isolated patches</li> <li>• Low to medium density</li> <li>• Uniform distribution</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Beginning or non intensive occupation process</li> <li>• Non planned occupation</li> <li>• Small farms or household family</li> <li>• Occupations along rivers</li> </ul>
	Linear	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Linear patches like corridors</li> <li>• Low density</li> <li>• Unidirectional</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Beginning of the occupation process</li> <li>• Non planned occupation</li> <li>• Occupation along roads</li> <li>• Small farmers</li> </ul>
	Large Geometric	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Large and medium isolated patches</li> <li>• Geometric patches</li> <li>• Low to medium density</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Beginning or intermediary stage of the occupation process</li> <li>• Medium and large farms</li> </ul>
	Multidirectional	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Medium and Small patches</li> <li>• Several shapes (irregular, geometric and linear)</li> <li>• Medium to high density patches</li> <li>• Multidirectional</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Occupation expansion.</li> <li>• Non planned occupation</li> <li>• Land concentration</li> <li>• Medium and small farms</li> </ul>
	Consolidated	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Large compact and continuous deforestation patches.</li> <li>• Small Forest remanents</li> <li>• Low density of forest patches</li> </ul>	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> <li>• Advanced occupation stage</li> <li>• Land Concentration</li> <li>• Small, Medium and Large farms</li> <li>• Fragmentation</li> <li>• Consolidated Occupation</li> </ul>



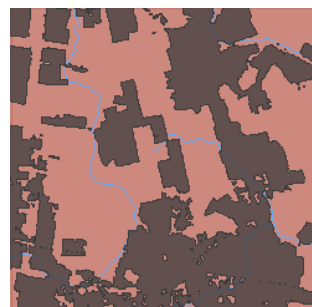


# Trajectory of land change

geometric



geometric



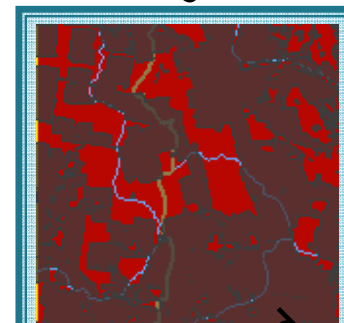
consolidated



consolidated



consolidated  
deforestation



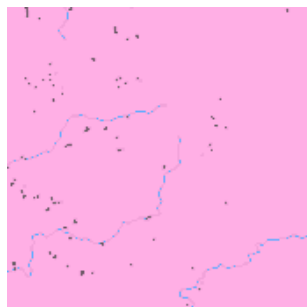
forest



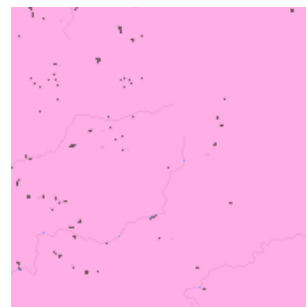
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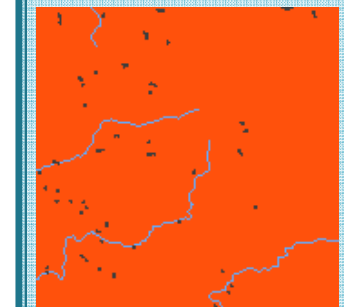
diffuse



diffuse



expanded  
deforestation



1997

2000

2003

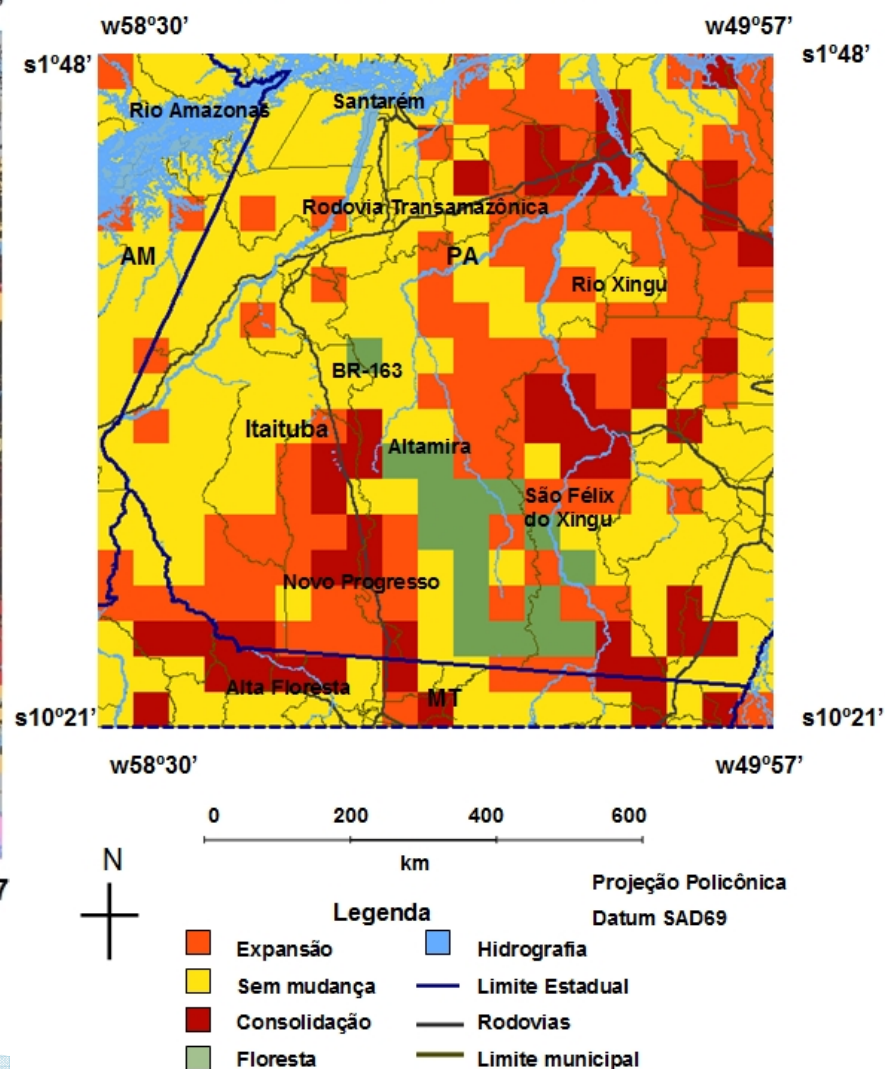
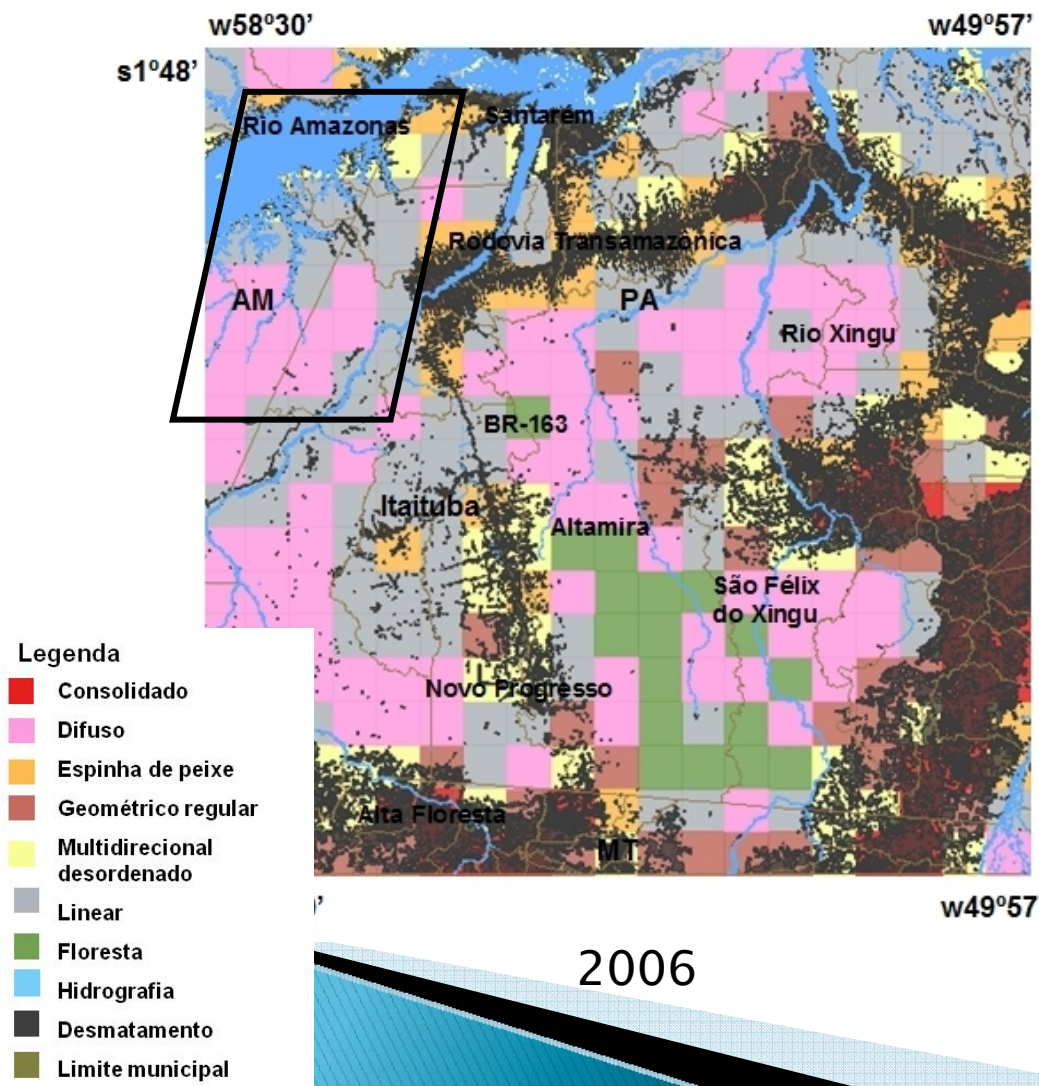
2006



# Mapping trajectories of change

Map of land use patterns

Trajectories of change






# Research under development

- ▶ Develop tools to detect changes automatically
- ▶ Apply data mining to classify land use changes






An aerial photograph of a vast agricultural field, likely a soybean plantation in Brazil. A long, curved line of red tractors is harvesting the crops, kicking up a cloud of dust. The field is divided into sections by straight lines, and the overall color is a warm, golden-brown. In the top right corner, there is a light blue rectangular box containing the text "Nature, 29 July 2010".

Nature, 29 July  
2010

# THE GLOBAL FARM

With its plentiful sun, water and land, Brazil is quickly surpassing other countries in food production and exports. But can it continue to make agricultural gains without destroying the Amazon?





Nature, 29 July  
2010

Brazil is the world's current largest experiment on land change and its effects: **will it also happen elsewhere?**  
Today's questions about Brazil could be tomorrow's questions for other countries



# THE GLOBAL FARM

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# Thank you!

For questions, please contact the authors:

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[tkorting@dpi.inpe.br](mailto:tkorting@dpi.inpe.br)