## **Spatial Intelligence**

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## What I do

# What I do

 intelligent representation and processing of spatial information



- From the Cognitive Perspective
- How do humans perceive spatial information?
- How do humans process spatial information?



- Enhancement in Geoinformatics
- How to support humans interacting with GI software?
- Spatial Qualitative Reasoning
- Common-Sense Reasoning (similarity & analogy)

## What I do

... and how does it fit to our project ideas?

#### 1. Enhancing GUIs:

How to support humans interacting with GI software?

 $\rightarrow$  develop an intuitive GUI for querying spatial information systems

Searching for Common Structures in Data
→ use analogical comparison



Query-By-Sketch (M. Egenhofer)

- make HCI easier
- describe query in formal way is not intuitive
- sketch maps support human spatial thinking



Typical imprecision / errors in human cognition:

- distance (importance, amount information)
- direction (rectangular angles, straighten)
- shape, size (simplify, distort)



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- relevance





Formalization of sketches:

• topological relations



Formalization of sketches:

- topological relations
- direction / cardinal relations



Formalization of sketches:

- topological relations
- direction / cardinal relations
- metric information







- 1. People draw sketches
  - $\rightarrow$  analyze distortions / errors
  - . Formalization of sketches
    - → qualitative spatial relations? topology / metric / direction
    - → what is important to capture? account for schematization errors in human cognition?
- 3. Test usability of the approach



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- Classical reasoning on computers
- deduction, abduction, induction



#### Human reasoning

- new situations are compared to previous similar experiences
- analogical reasoning
  - compare for structural similarities
  - map analogous elements
  - transfer knowledge from one situation to other situation



- analogical reasoning used to automatically analyze topographic maps
  - classification of polygons (road layer)
  - spatial relation between polygons (adjacent)



- changes lead to new developments
- learn from previous experiences
  - search for similar land use patterns
  - to predict development
  - to suggest best practices







**knowledge** • interrelations of different factors



- **background** knowledge about changes in land use patterns
  - interrelations of different factors

knowledge



background
knowledge about changes in land use patterns
knowledge
interrelations of different factors

### Summary

- make interaction with systems easier for humans
- include human-level reasoning in information processing
- 1. Enhancing GUIs:

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