



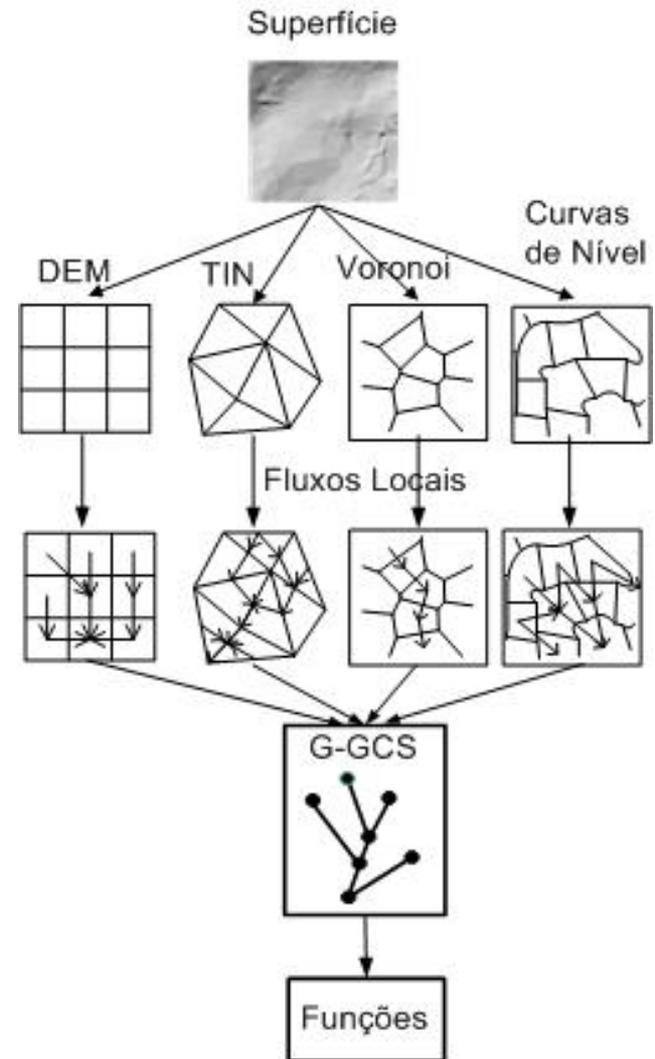
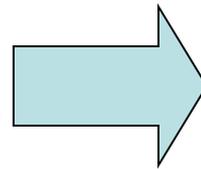
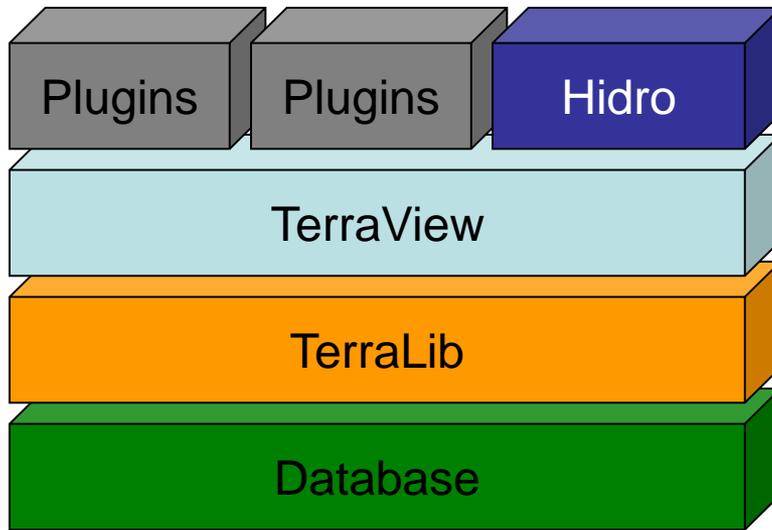
Instituto Nacional de Pesquisas Espaciais – INPE

Sistema para Modelagem Hidrológica Distribuída
TerraHidro

Sergio Rosim

TerraHidro - TerraView

Uma única estrutura para desenvolver aplicações



Graph -> drenagem

GRADE REGULAR DE ALTIMETRIA

- Matriz de altitudes
 - Resolução
 - Qualidade
- Dados disponíveis
 - SRTM – 30m
 - Base cartográfica do Amapá – 2,5m
- Dados não disponíveis
 - Base cartográfica do vazão cartográfico da Amazônia (exército) – 5m
- Dificuldade de acesso a dados de qualidade e resolução adequadas
- Necessidade de dados de alta resolução para todo o país

PROBLEMAS

- Clássicos
 - Áreas planas
 - Mínimos locais
- Dependentes do dado
 - SRTM: modelo de superfície
 - Base cartográfica do Amapá – altimetria dentro de corpos d'água

ETAPAS

- Determinação da direção de fluxo local
- Cálculo da área de contribuição
- Definição de uma rede de drenagem
- Delimitação da bacia hidrográfica

Determinação da direção de fluxo local

5	6	3
5	7	4
9	8	4

DEM

1.4	1	2.8
2	X	3
-1.4	-1	2.1

DECLIVIDADE

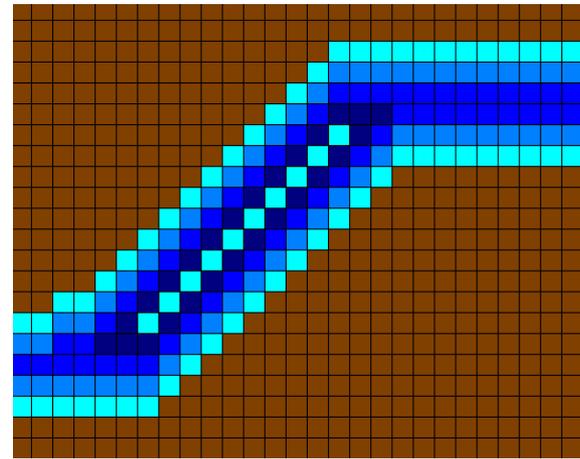
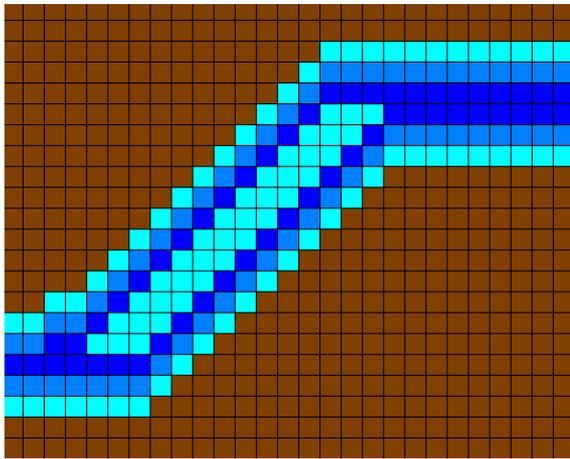
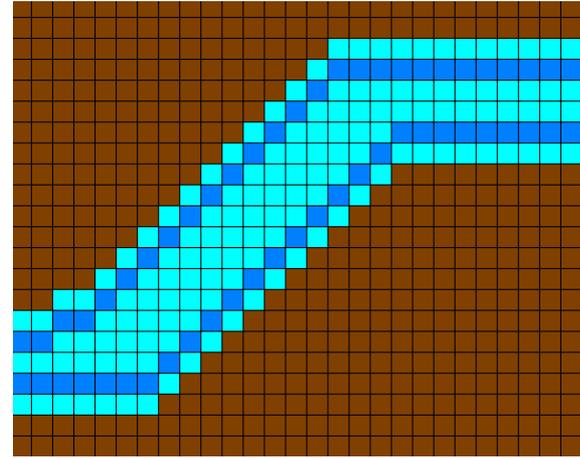
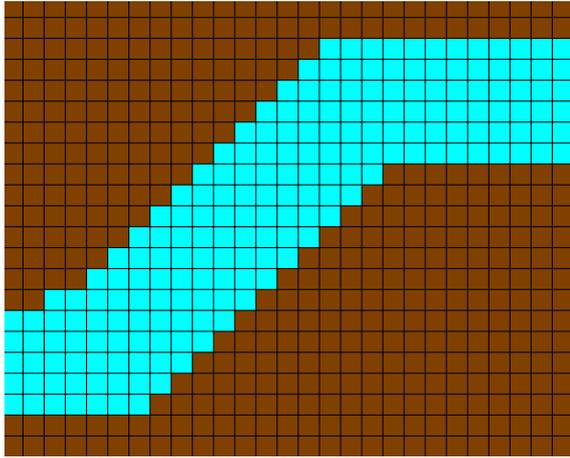
32	64	128
16	0	1
8	4	2

LDD

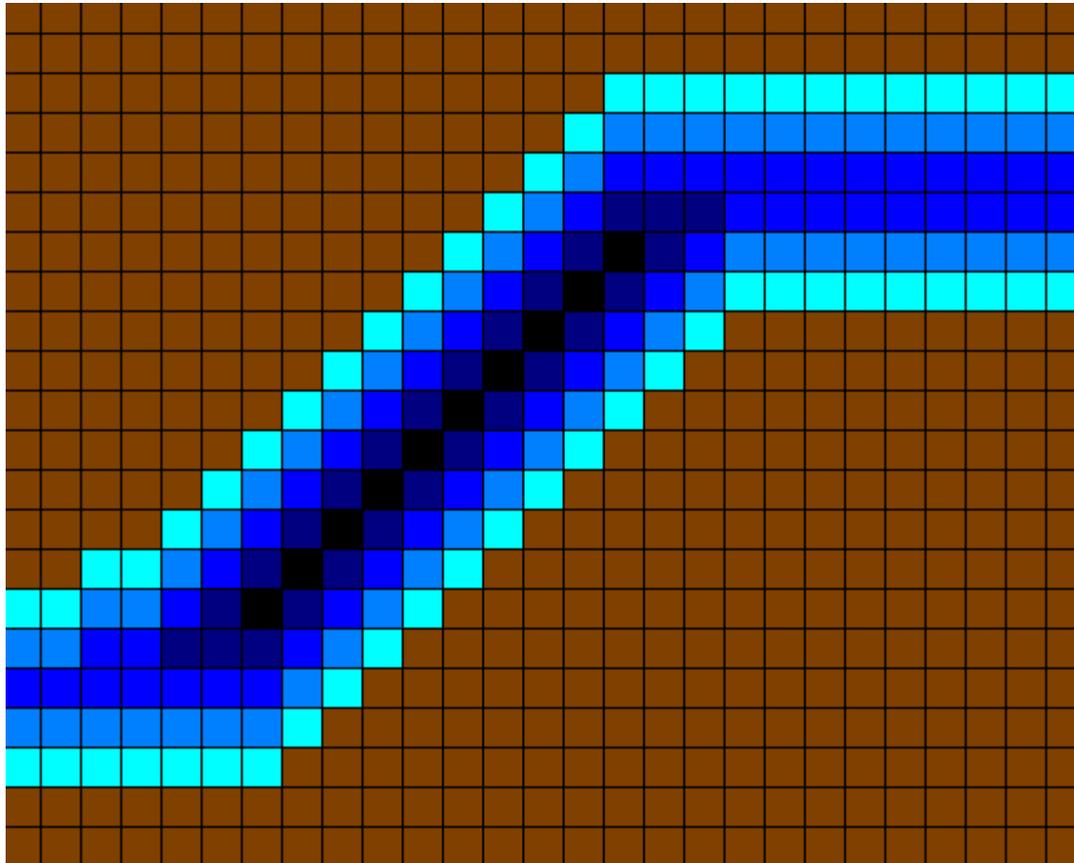
	1 →	

FLUXO LOCAL

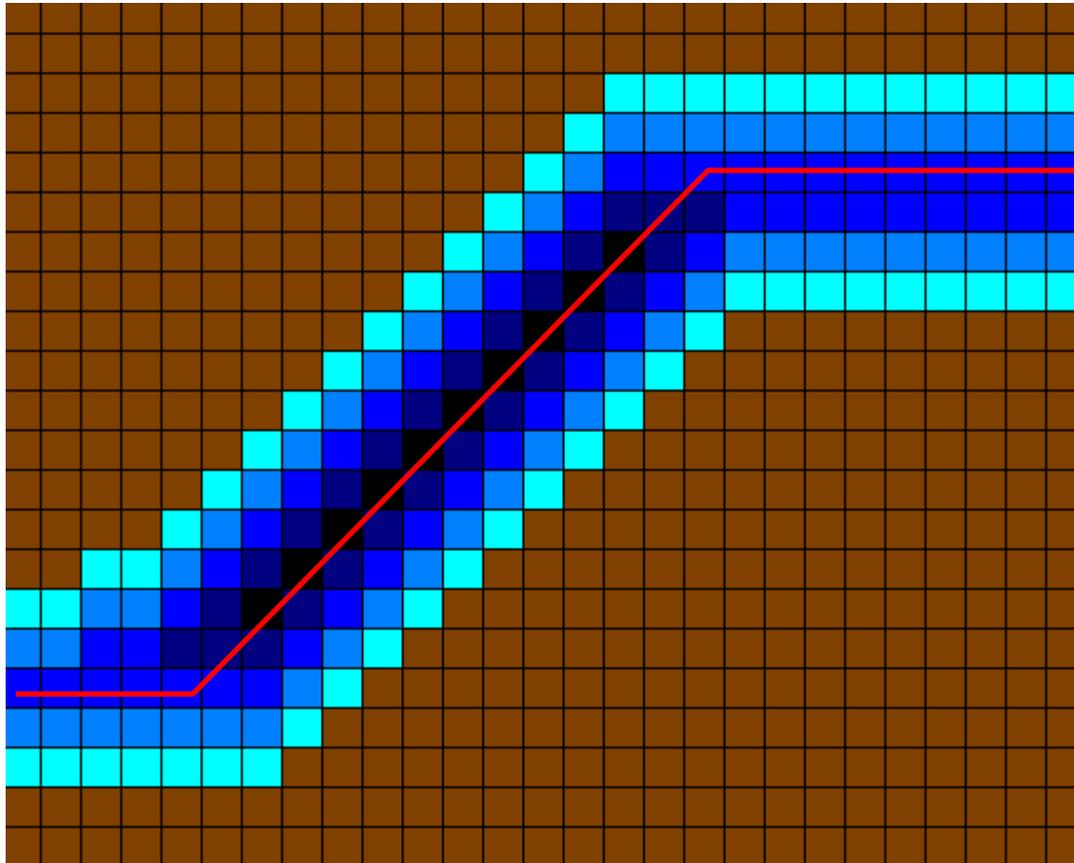
CAVAR ÁREAS PLANAS



CAVAR ÁREAS PLANAS



CAVAR ÁREAS PLANAS



3. Resolver depressões por preenchimento

8	7	7
10	7	8
9	8	9

MNT

$$8 + 7 + 7 + 10 + 8 + 9 + 8 + 9 = 66$$

$$66 / 8 = 8.25$$

8	7	7
10	8.25	8
9	8	9

MNT

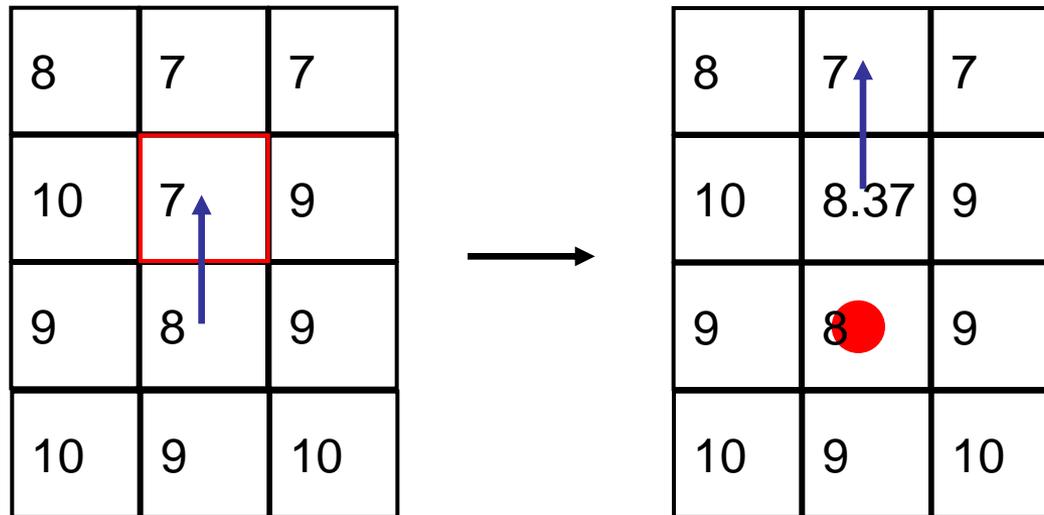
0.17	1.25	0.88
-1.7		0.25
-0.5	0.25	-0.5

Declividades



Fluxo Local

3. Resolver depressões por preenchimento



Quando resolver por preenchimento ocasionar outro fosso não utilizar esse método. Resolver “cavando” o MNT.

4. Resolver depressões “cavando”

Priority First Search - PFS

4.0	3.4	3.5	4.0
3.5	3.0	3.2	3.5
4.0	3.1	3.6	3.6
5.0	3.2	3.3	2.8
5.0	4.0	3.5	3.4

4.0	3.4	3.5	4.0
3.5	3.0	3.2	3.5
4.0	3.1	3.6	3.6
5.0	3.2	3.3	2.8
5.0	4.0	3.5	3.4

4. Resolver depressões “cavando”

Priority First Search - PFS

4.0	3.4	3.5	4.0
3.5	3.0	3.2	3.5
4.0	3.1	3.6	3.6
5.0	3.2	3.3	2.8
5.0	4.0	3.5	3.4

4.0	3.4	3.5	4.0
3.5	3.0	3.2	3.5
4.0	2.94	3.6	3.6
5.0	3.2	2.88	2.8
5.0	4.0	3.5	3.4

Cálculo da área de contribuição

DEM

4.0	3.4	3.5	4.0
3.5	3.0	3.2	3.5
4.0	2.9	3.6	3.6
5.0	2.8	2.7	2.6
5.0	4.0	3.5	3.4

Fluxos Locais

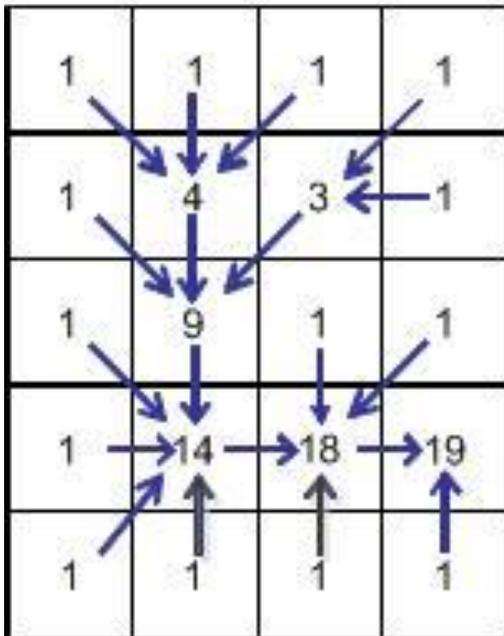
4.0	3.4	3.5	4.0
3.5	3.0	3.2	3.5
4.0	2.9	3.6	3.6
5.0	2.8	2.7	2.6
5.0	4.0	3.5	3.4

Area de Contribuição

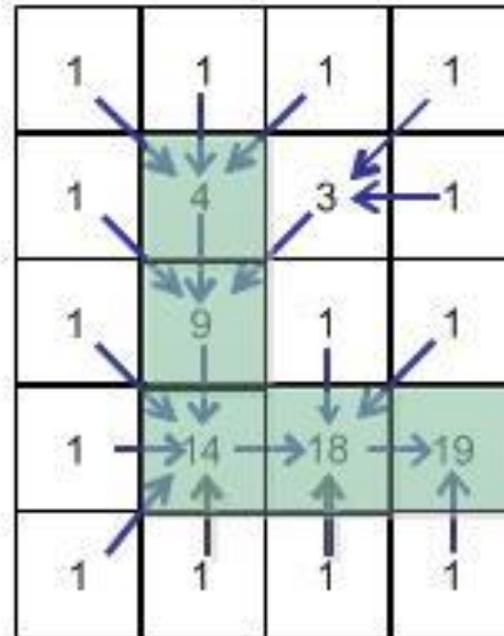
1	1	1	1
1	4	3	1
1	9	1	1
1	14	18	19
1	1	1	1

Definição de uma rede de drenagem

Área de Contrinuição



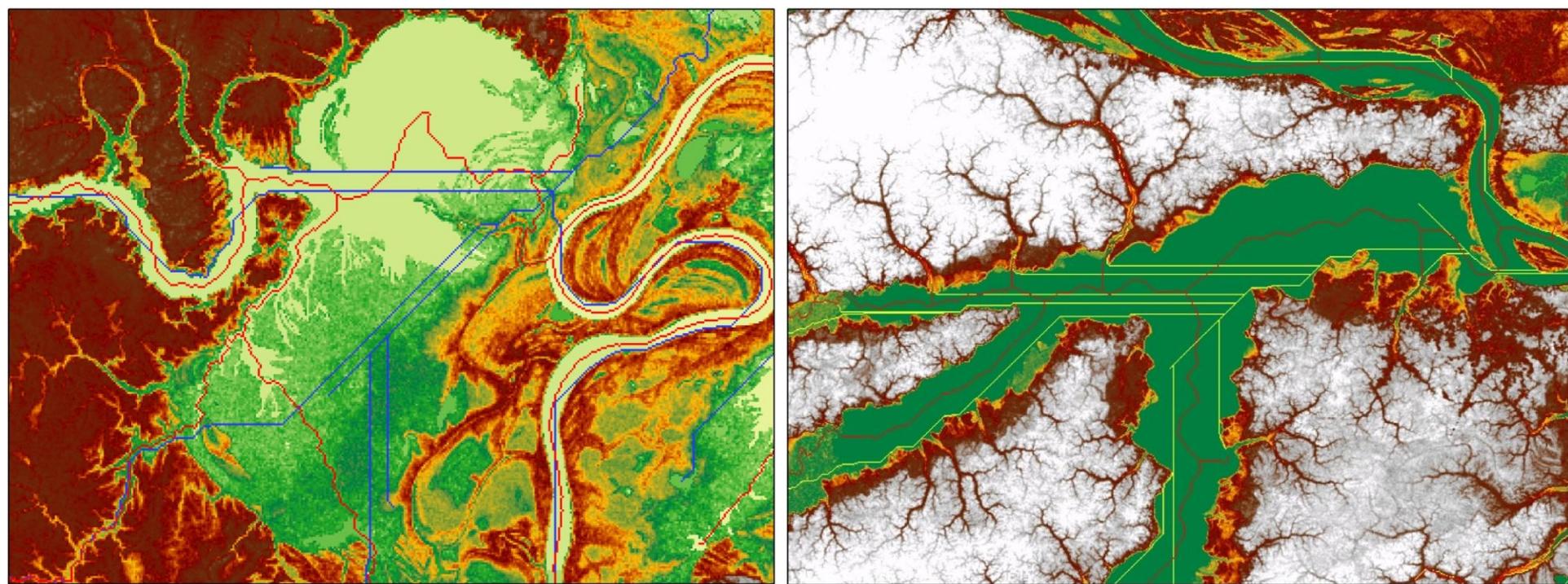
Drenagem Limiar = 4



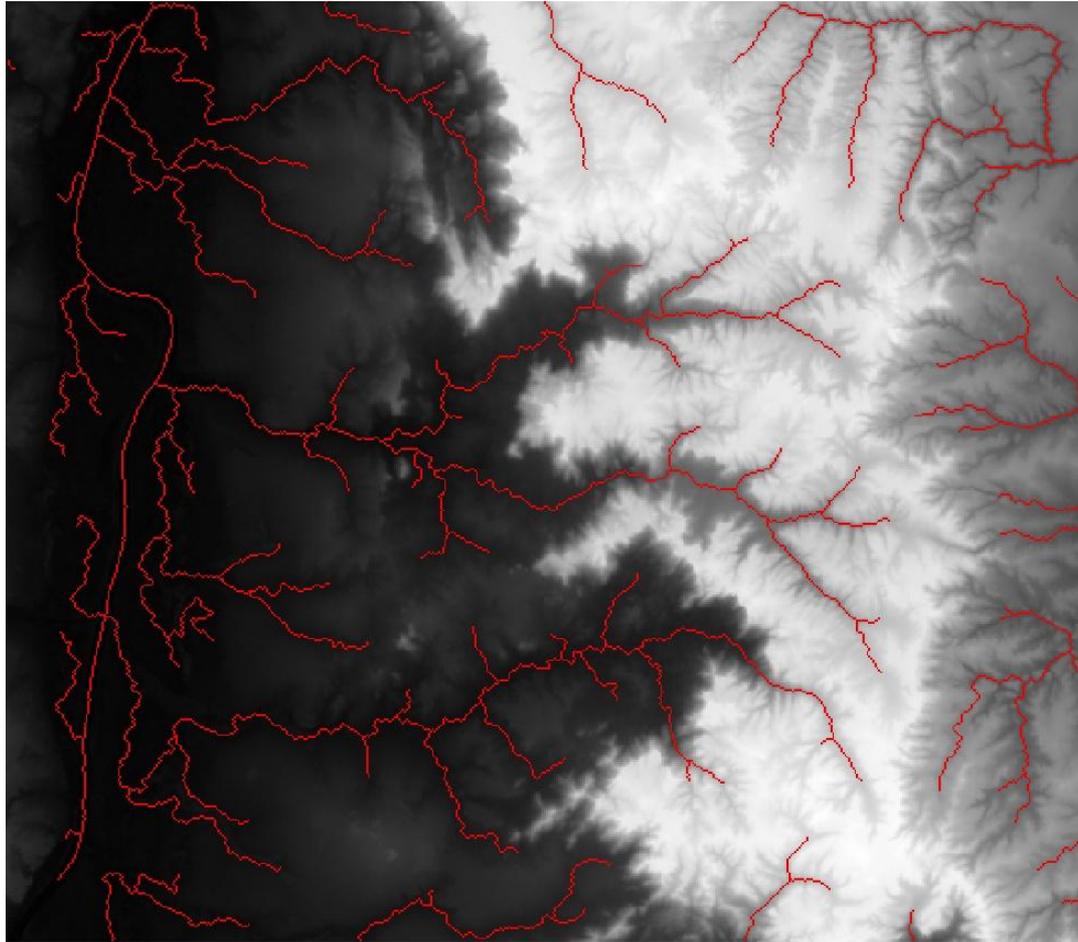
BOM RESULTADO

- Drenagem do vazío cartográfico da Amazônia
- Agência Nacional de Águas (ANA)
 - Drenagens e bacias hidrográficas

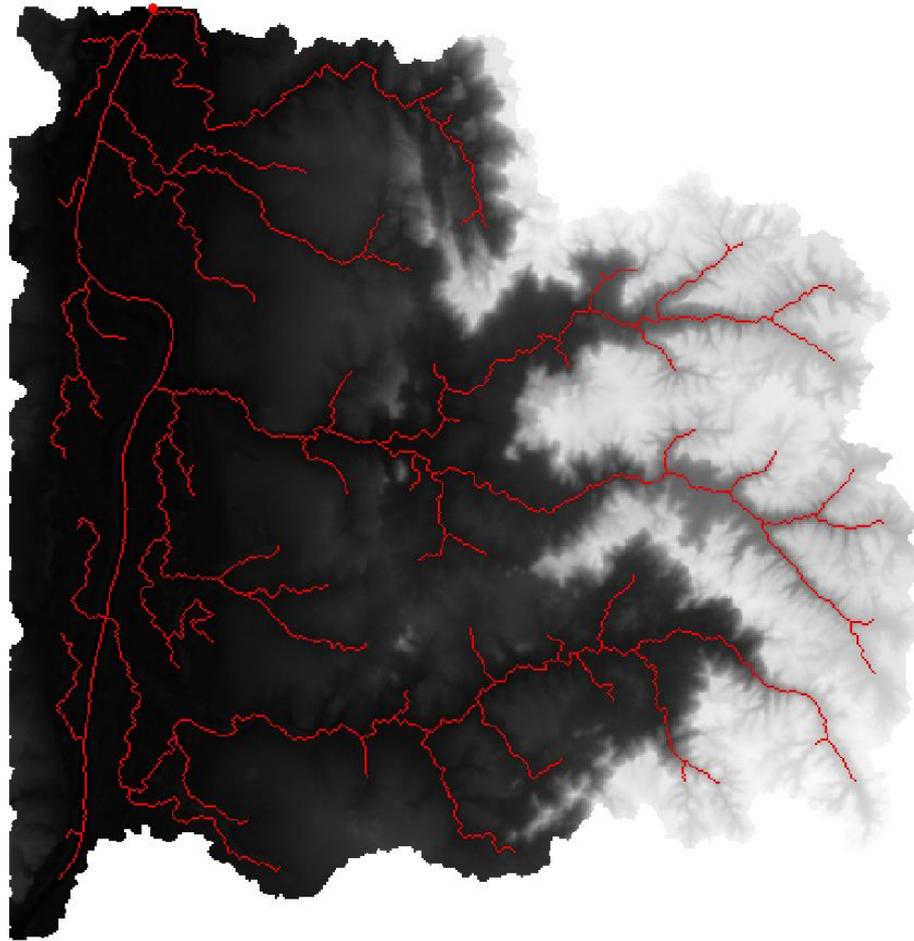
TerraHidro x ArcGis Hydro Tools – Rio Purus



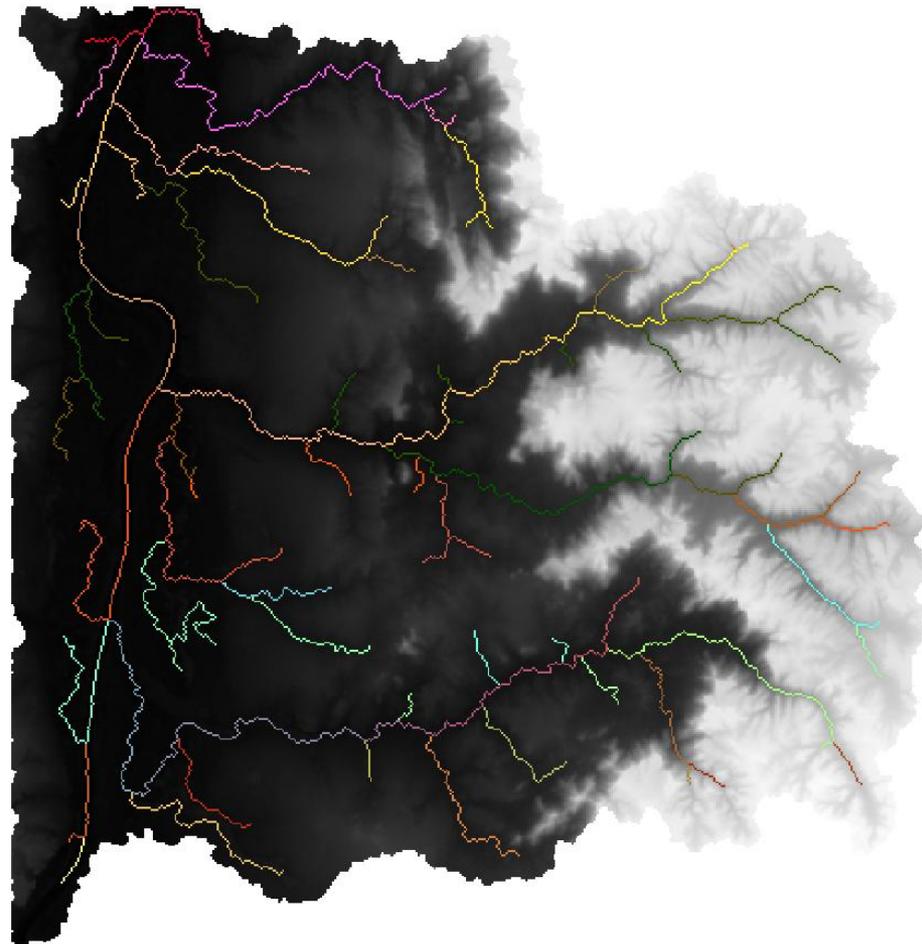
ÁREA ACUMULADA / DRENAGEM



DELIMITAR A ÁREA DE CONTRIBUIÇÃO



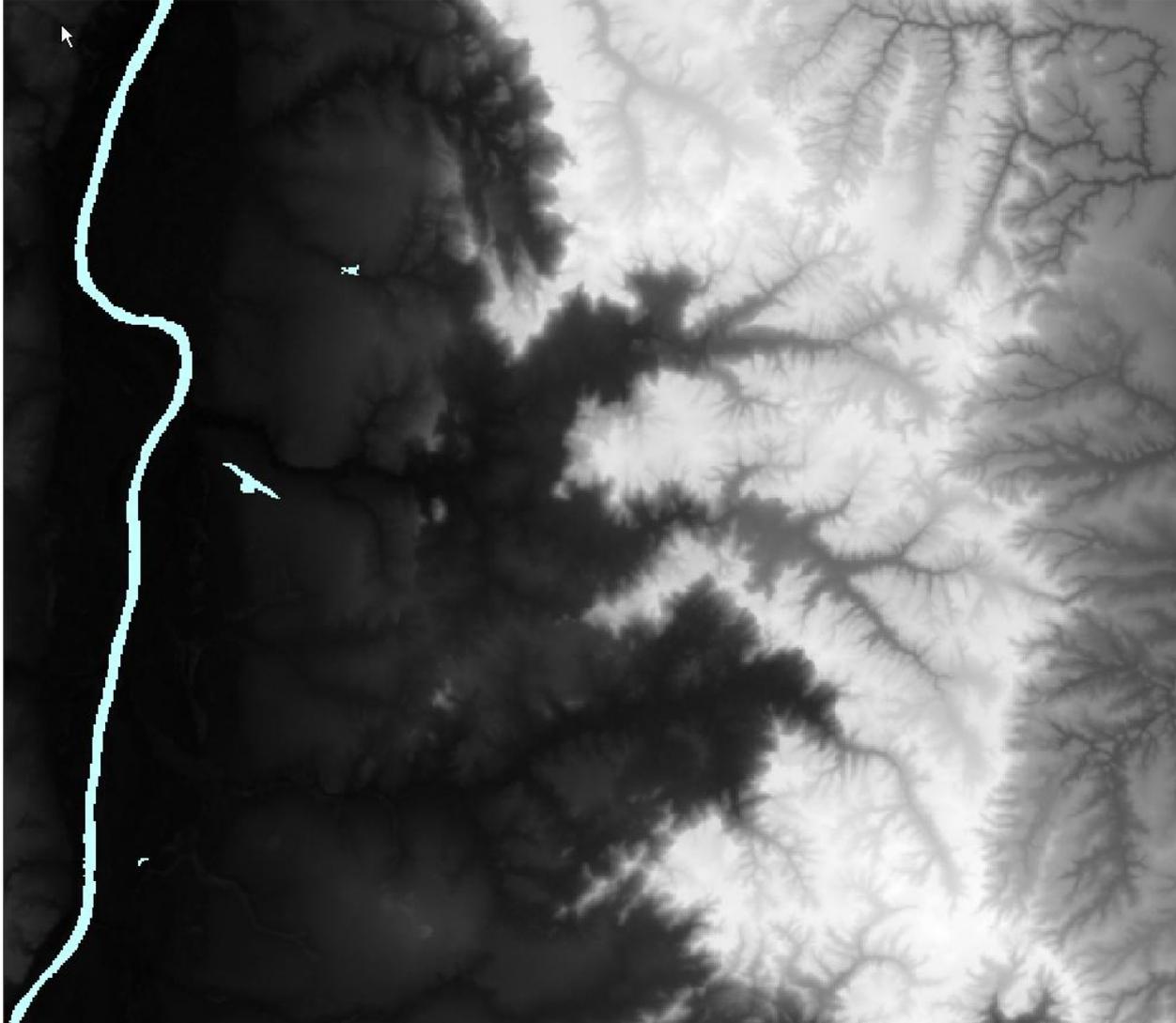
SEGMENTOS DA DRENAGEM



MINIBACIAS



Taquaruçu



x1: -48.45

y1: -10.50

x2: -48.00

y2: -10.10

Pixels: 259.139

Linhas: 479

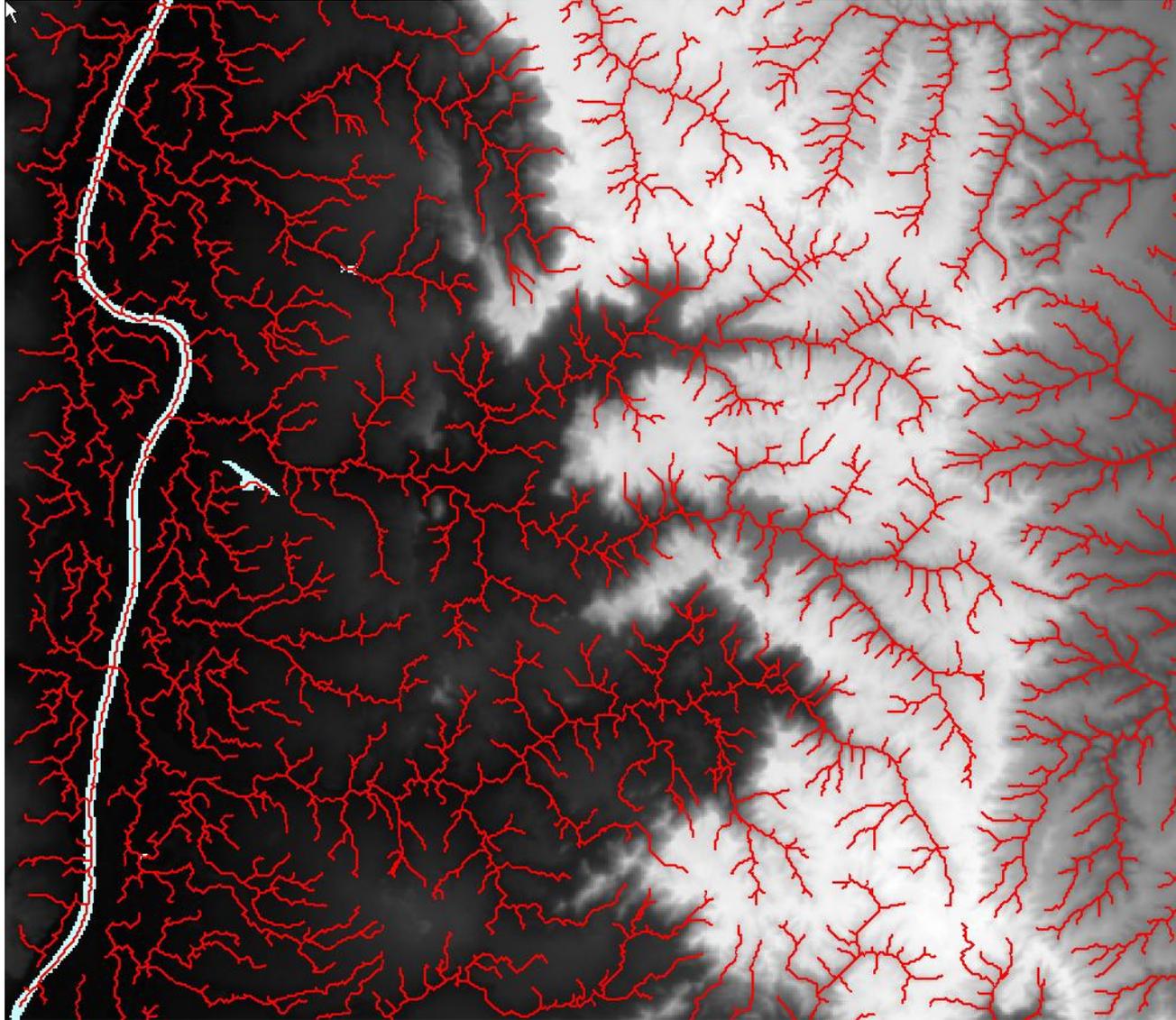
Colunas: 541

Fossos: 10.983

Tempo: 2.00 s

Acumulada: < 1 s

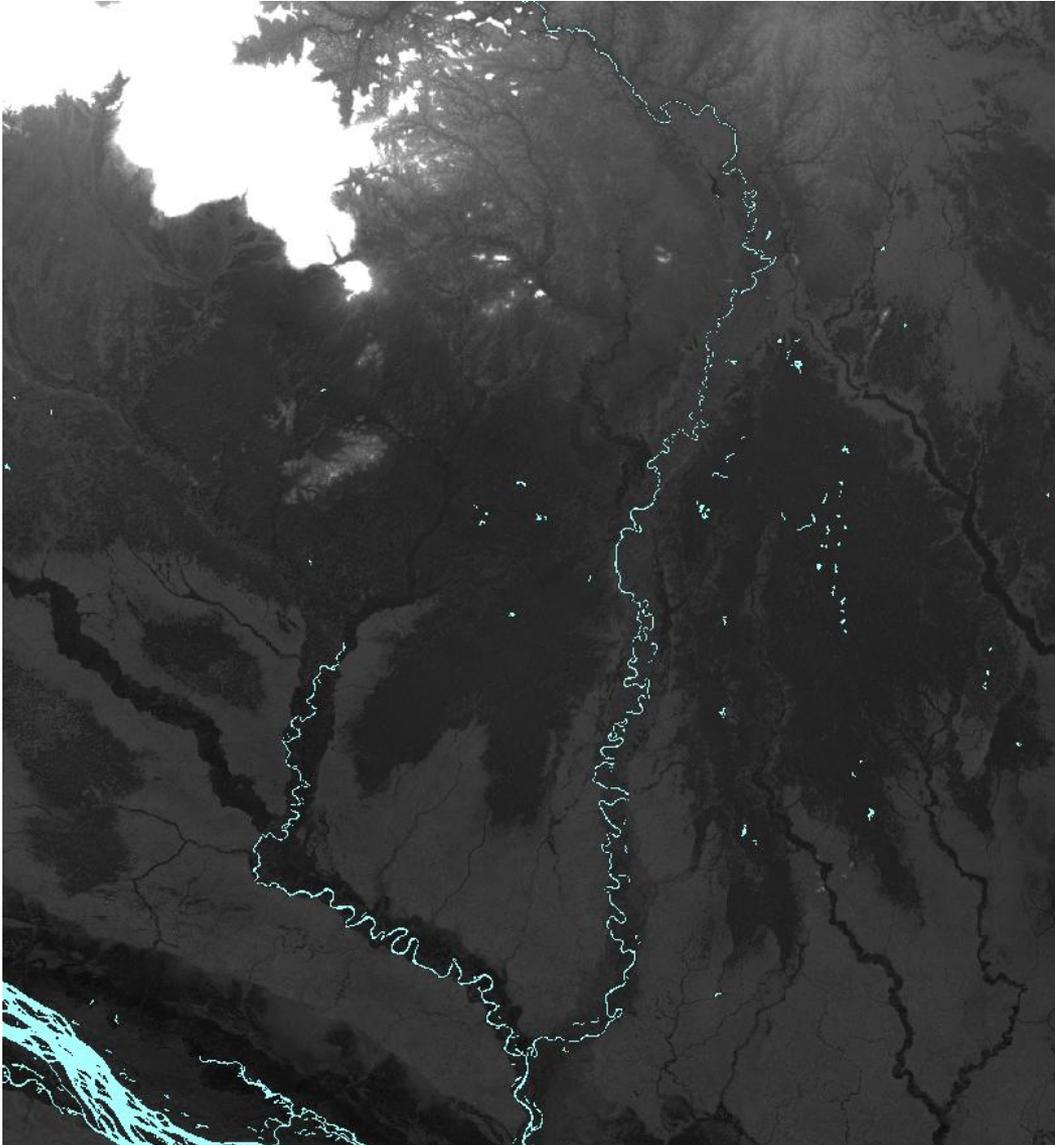
Taquaruçu Drenagem



Valor de corte: 50

Maior Ordem: 6

Getirana



Saturado em 200 metros.

x1: -63.66

y1: -0.55

x2: -62.12

y2: 1.12

Pixels: 3.734.280

Linhas: 2.024

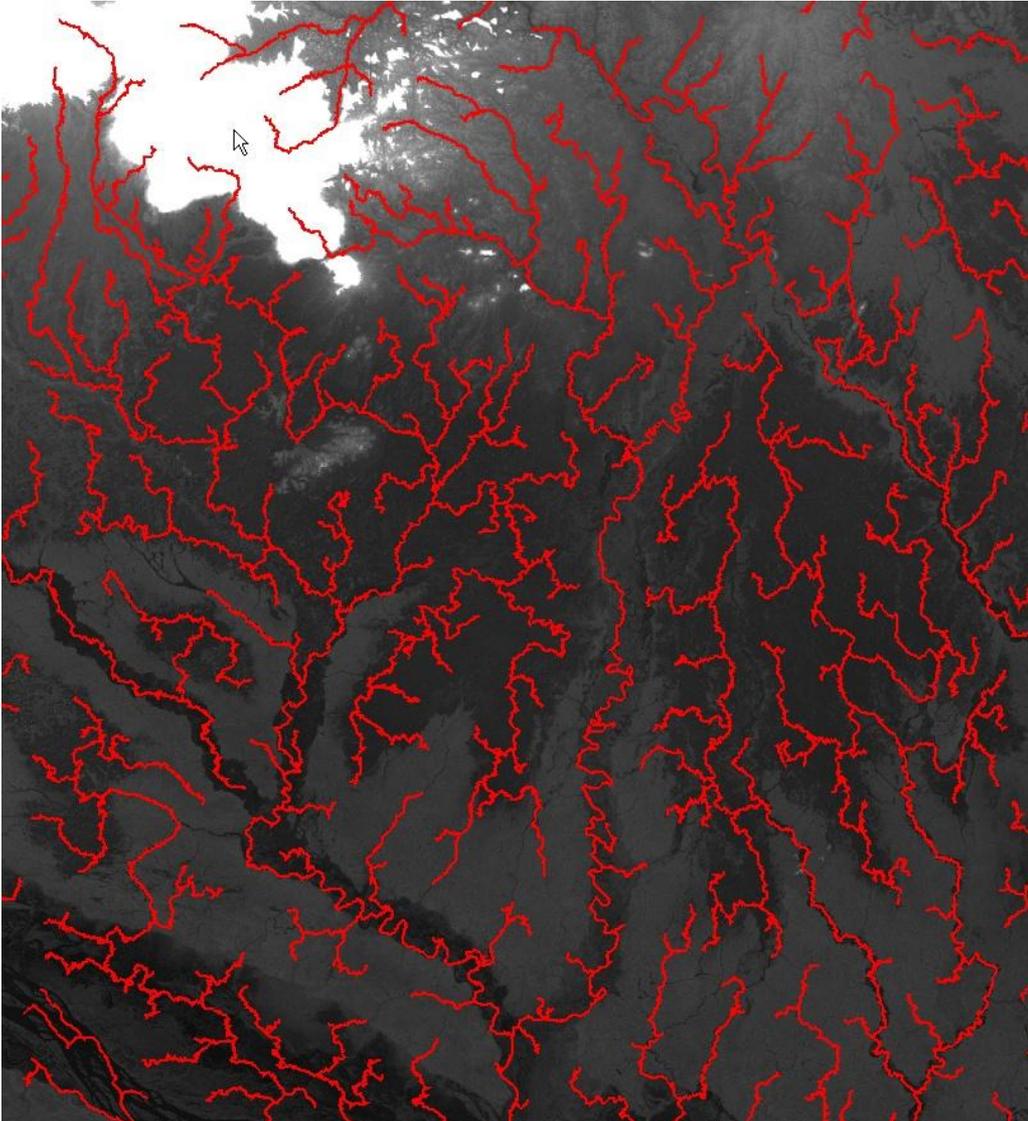
Colunas: 1.845

Fossos: 396.769

Tempo: 26:30 min

Acumulada: 1 s

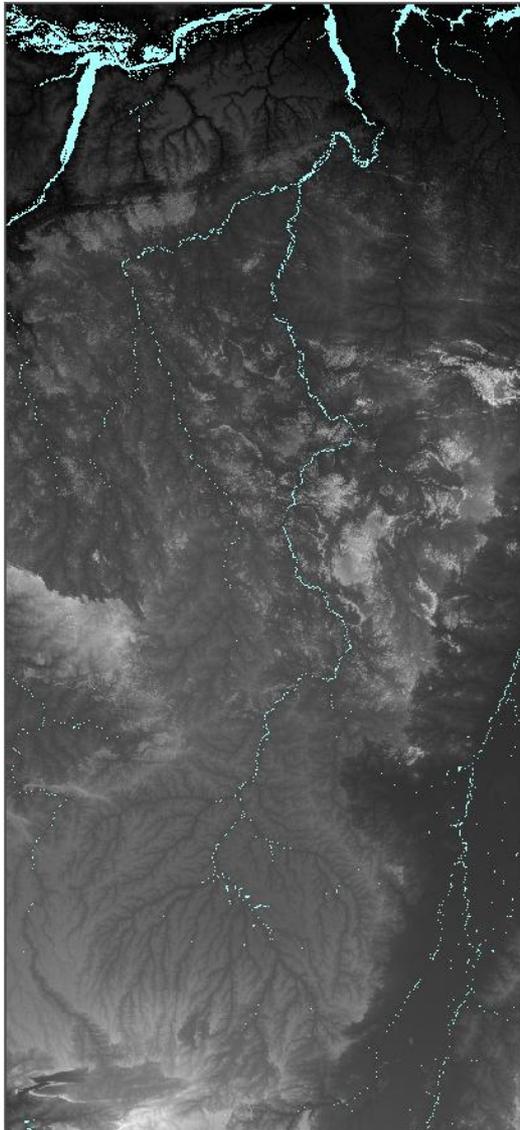
Getirana Drenagem



Valor de corte: 3.000

Maior Ordem: 5

Xingu



x1: -56.00

y1: -15.00

x2: -49.99

y2: -1.69

Pixels: 114.958.324

Linhas: 15.962

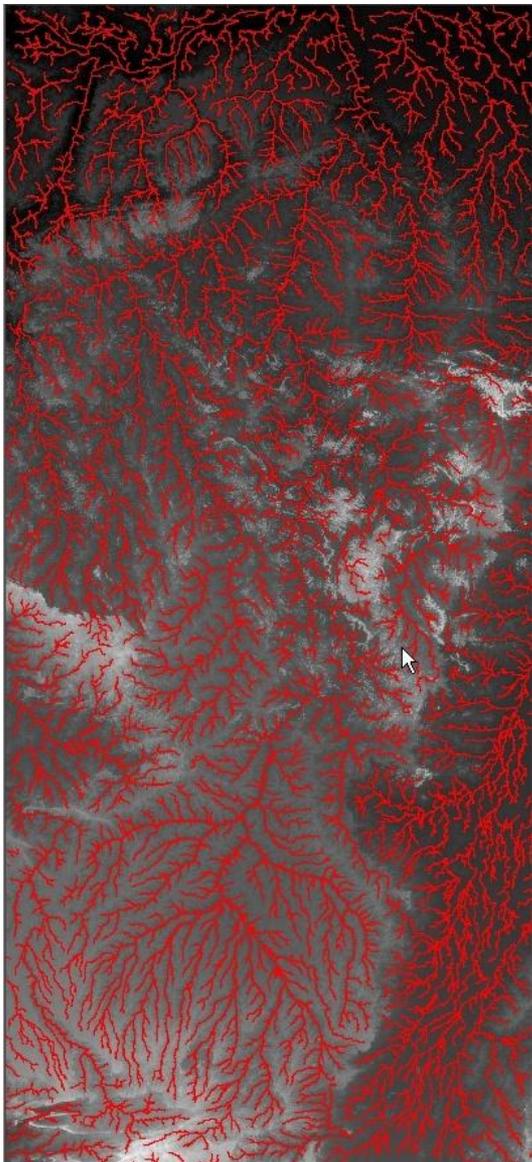
Colunas: 7.202

Fossos: 6.472.113

Tempo: 3:20:04 h

Acumulada: 2:48 min

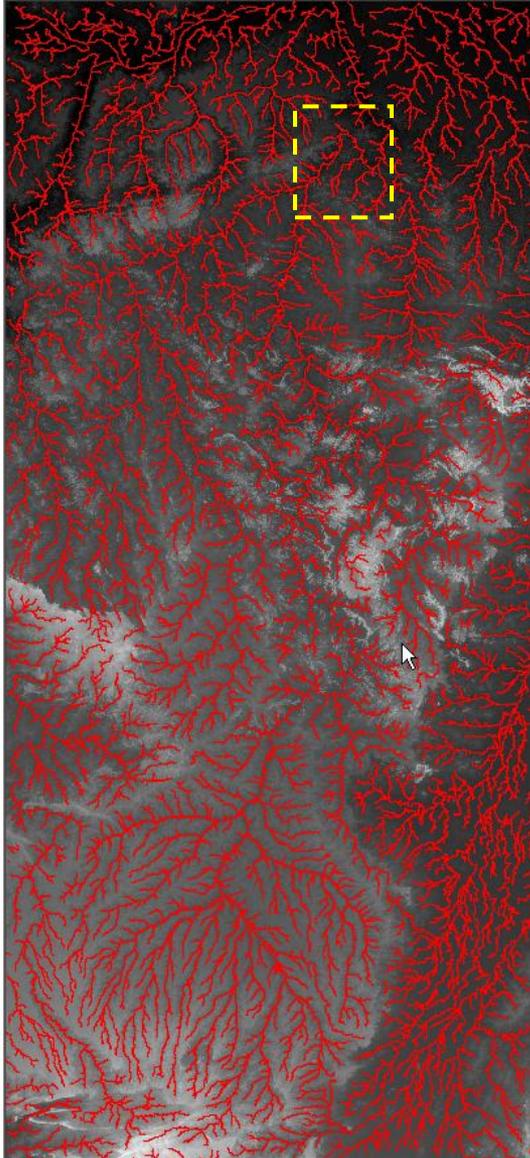
Xingu Drenagem



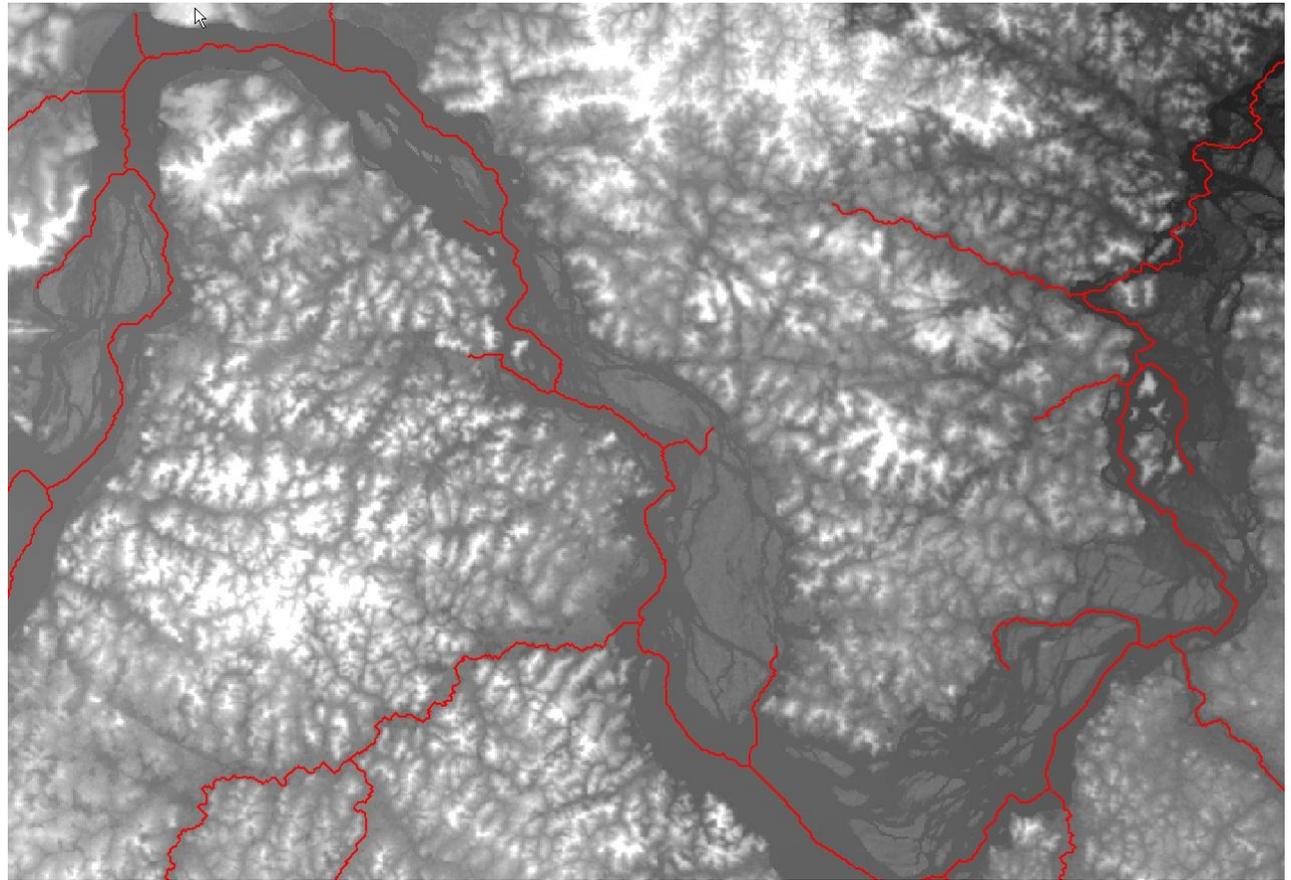
Valor de corte: 10.000

Maior Ordem: 6

Xingu Drenagem Zoom

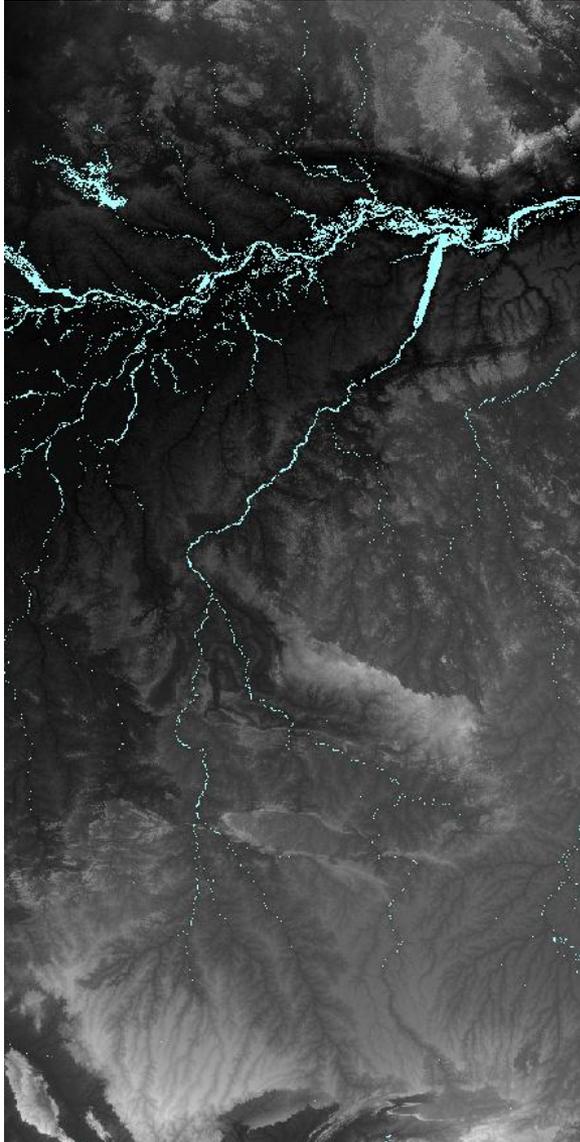


Drenagem passa pelo centro da área plana



Zoom saturado em 200 metros

Tapajós



x1: -61.00

y1: -15.00

x2: -52.99

y2: 1.00

Pixels: 184.348.801

Linhas: 19.201

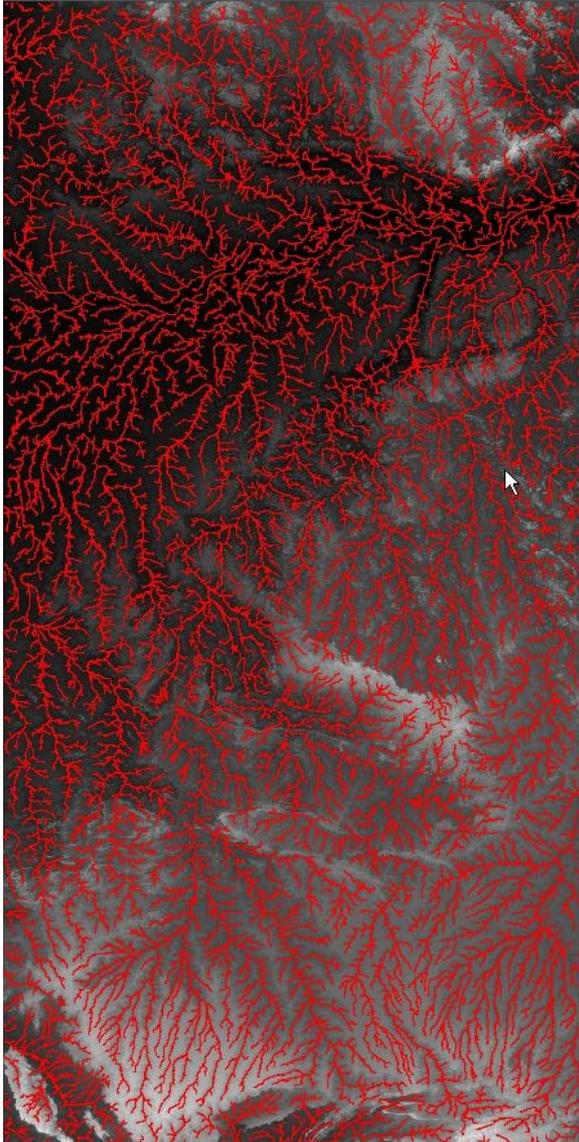
Colunas: 9.601

Fossos: 8.647.984

Tempo: 5:33:38 h

Acumulada: 10:58 min

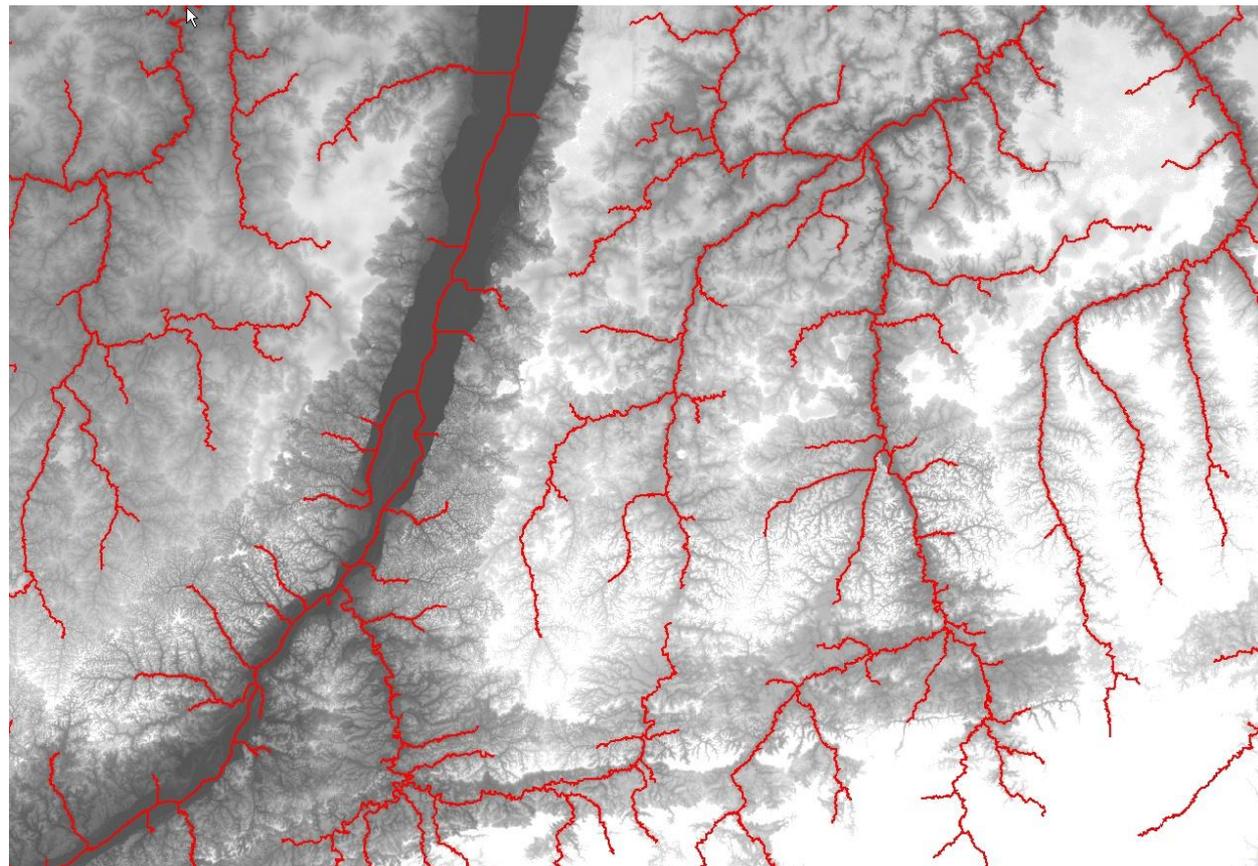
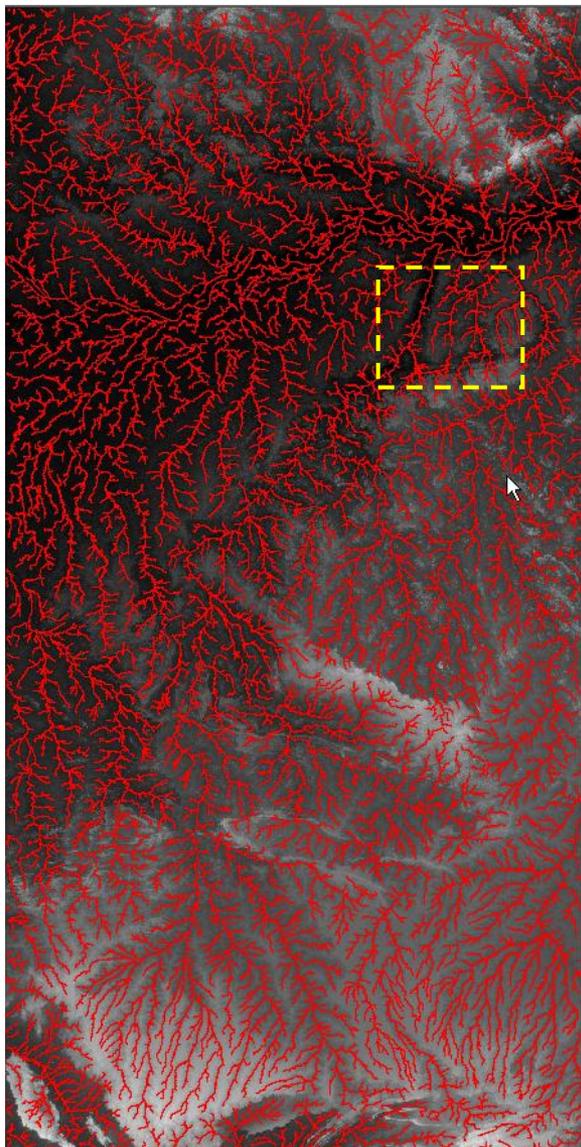
Tapajós Drenagem



Valor de corte: 10.000

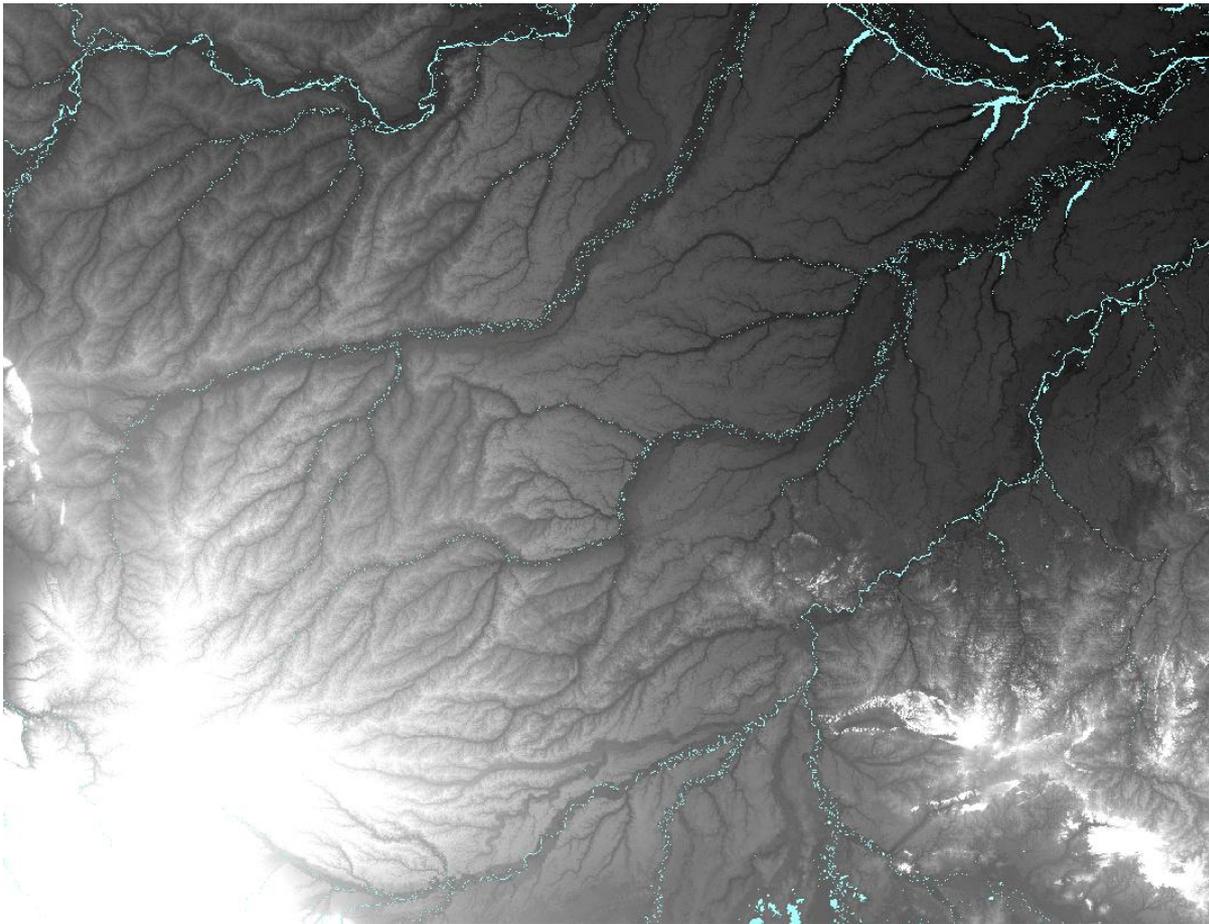
Maior Ordem: 7

Tapajós Drenagem Zoom



Zoom saturado em 200 metros

Purus



x1: -74.00

y1: -12.99

x2: -61.00

y2: -2.99

Pixels: 187.200.000

Linhas: 12.000

Colunas: 15.600

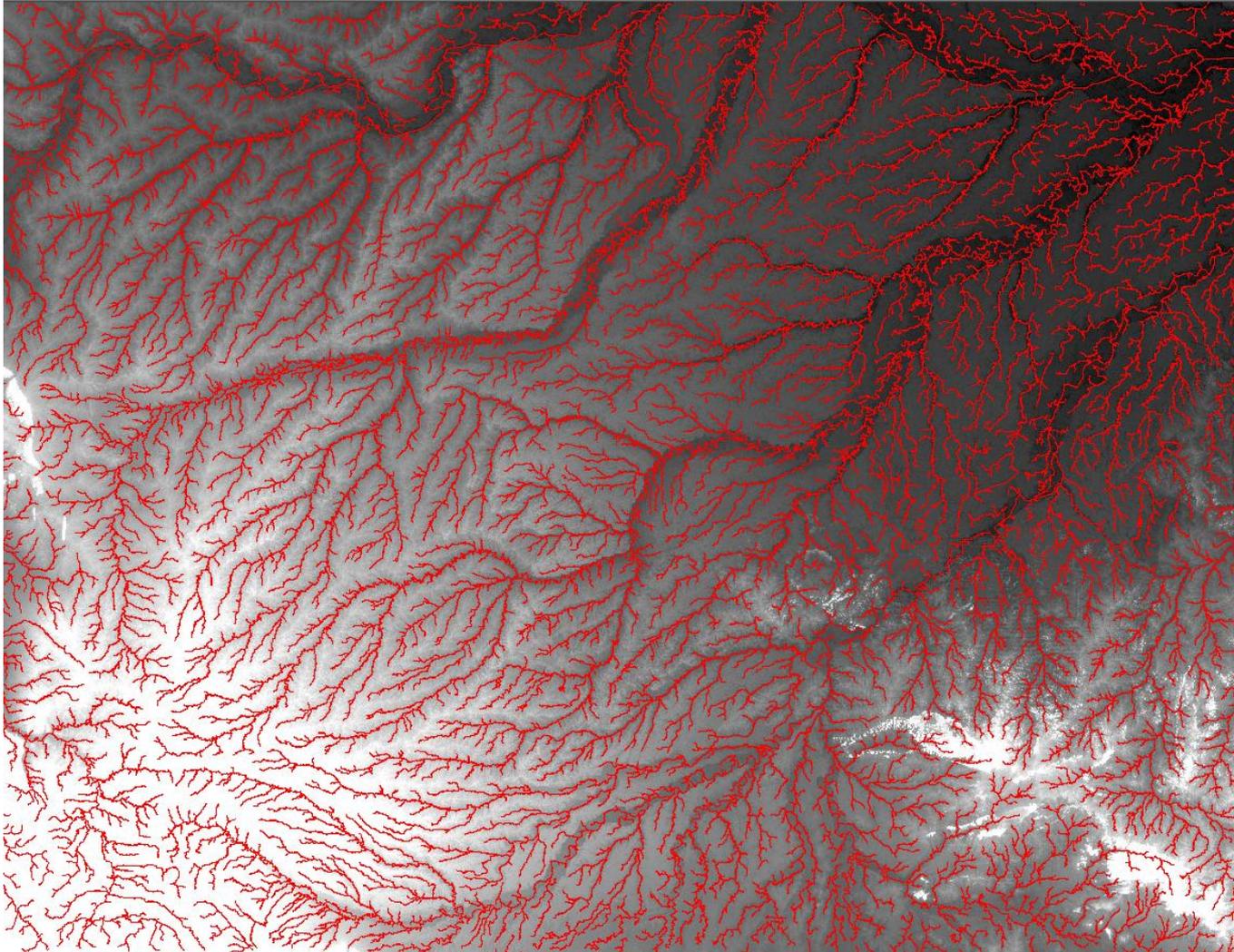
Fossos: 13.279.394

Tempo: 5:40:31 h

Acumulada: 12:07 min

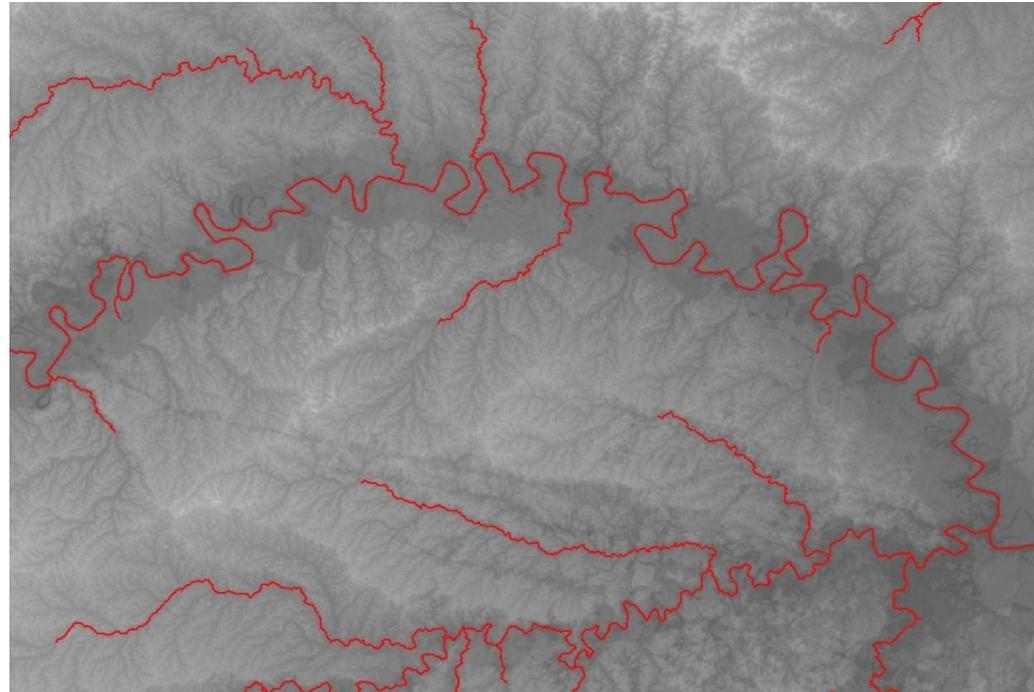
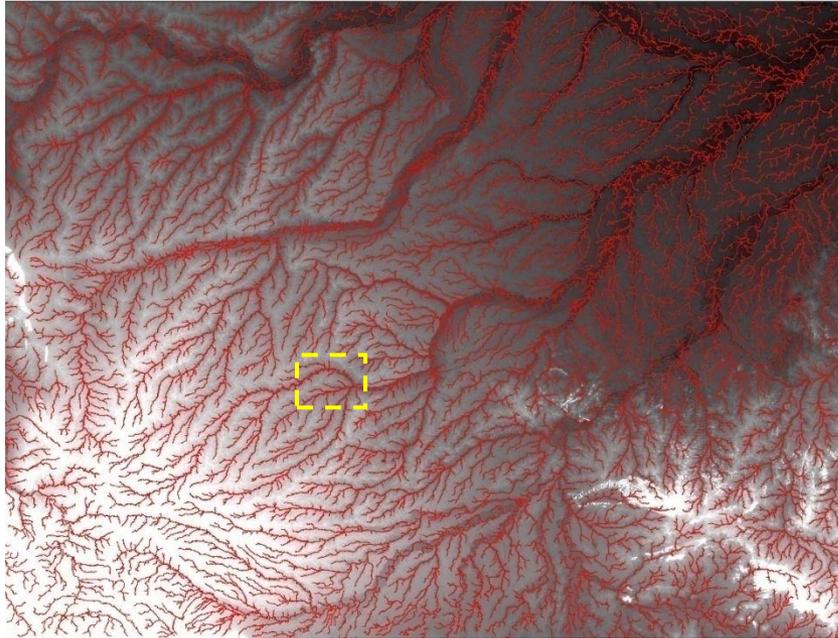
Saturado em 350 metros

Purus Drenagem

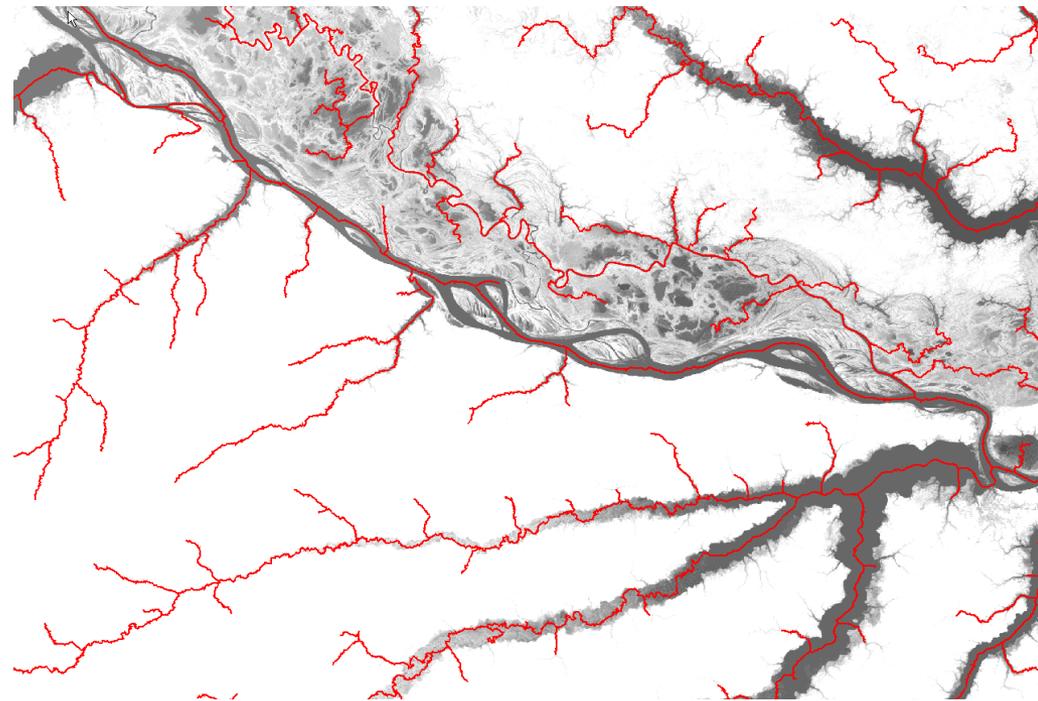
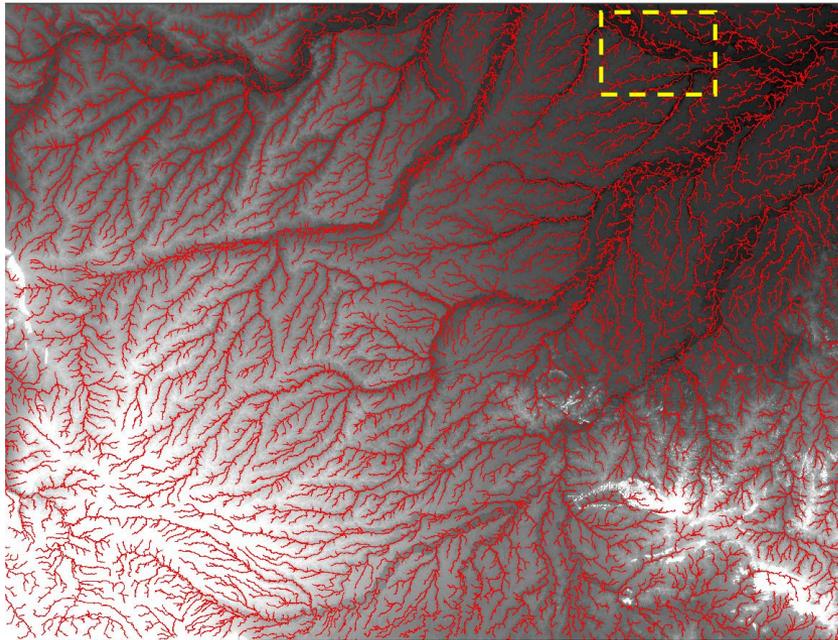


Valor de corte: 10.000 Maior Ordem: 6

Purus Drenagem Zoom1

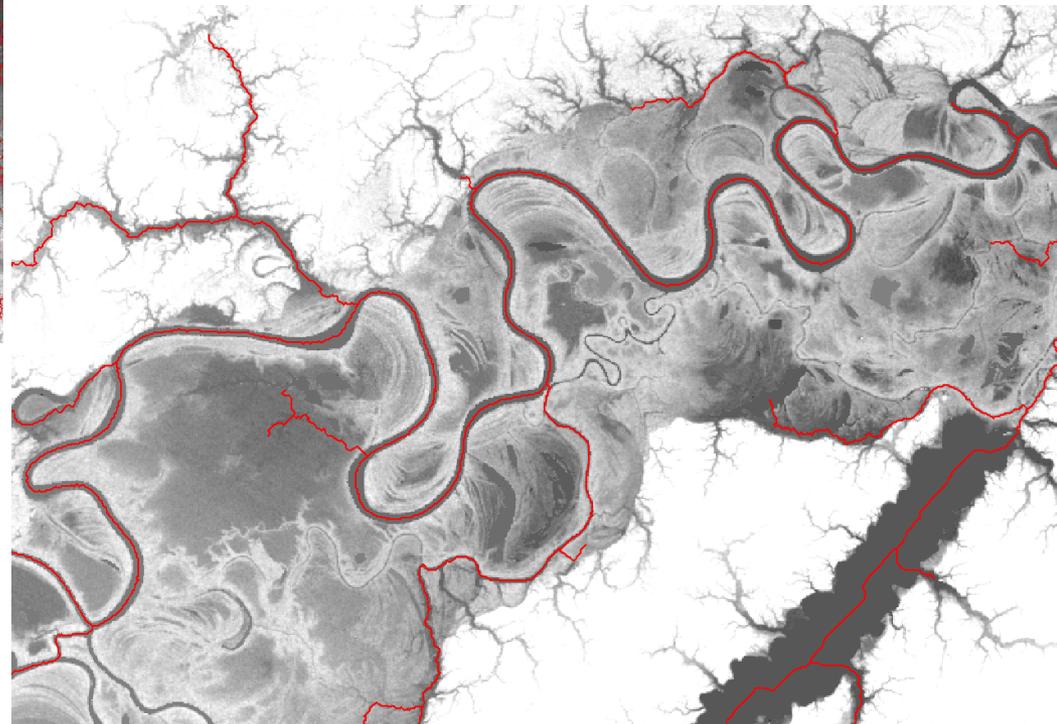
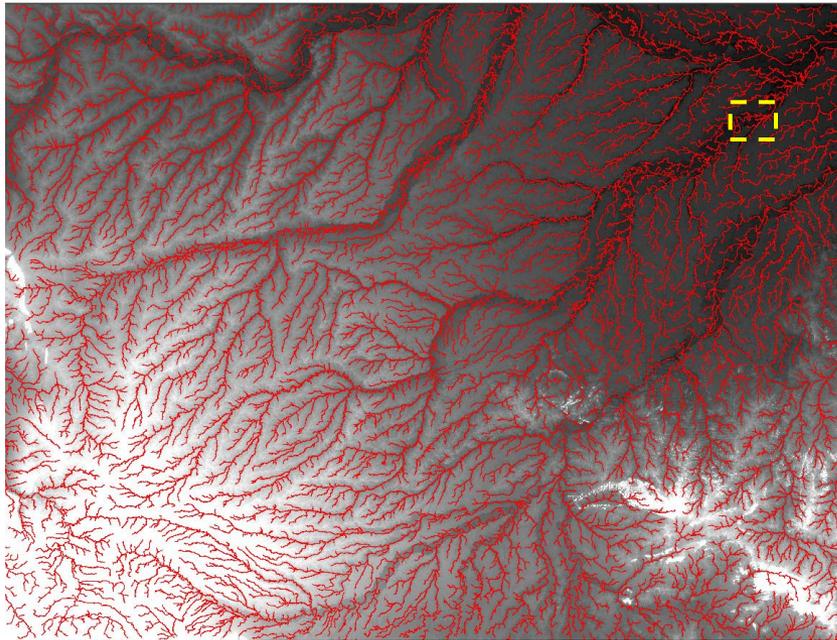


Purus Drenagem Zoom2



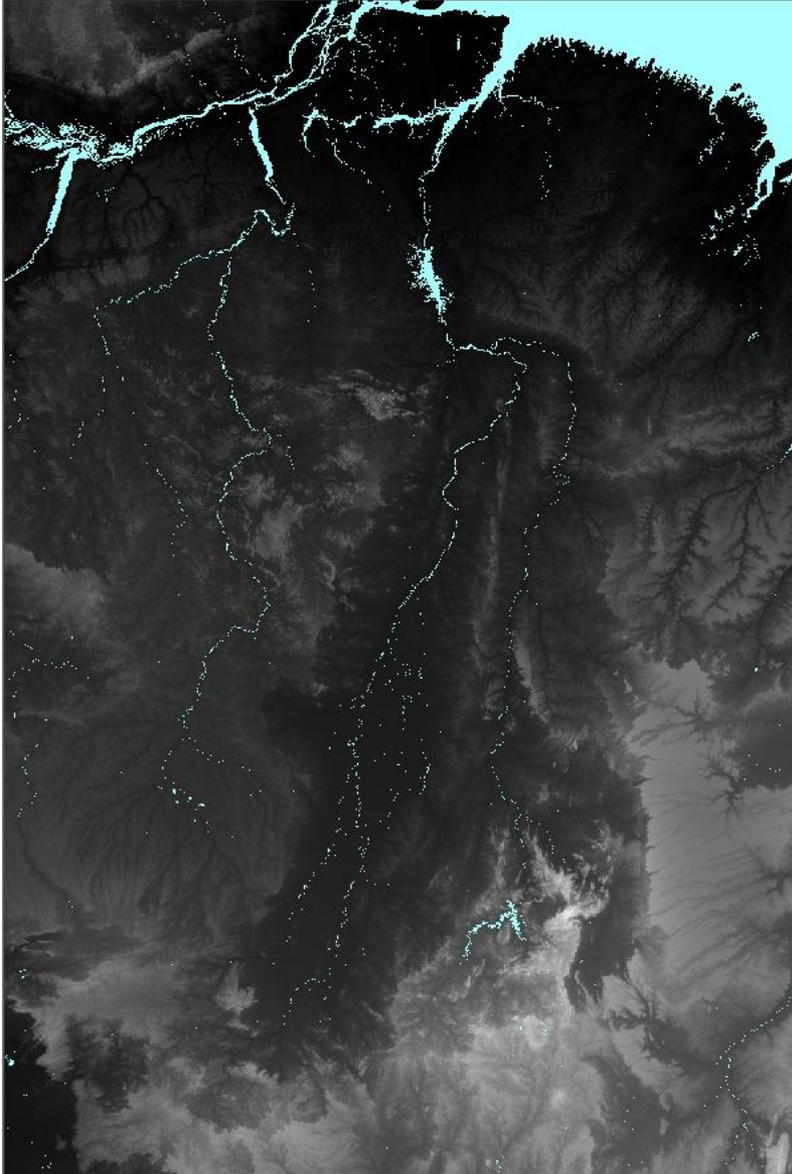
Zoom saturado em 50 metros

Purus Drenagem Zoom3



Saturado em 50 metros

Tocantins



x1: -56.00

y1: -18.00

x2: -43.99

y2: 0.00

Pixels: 311.112.004

Linhas: 21.602

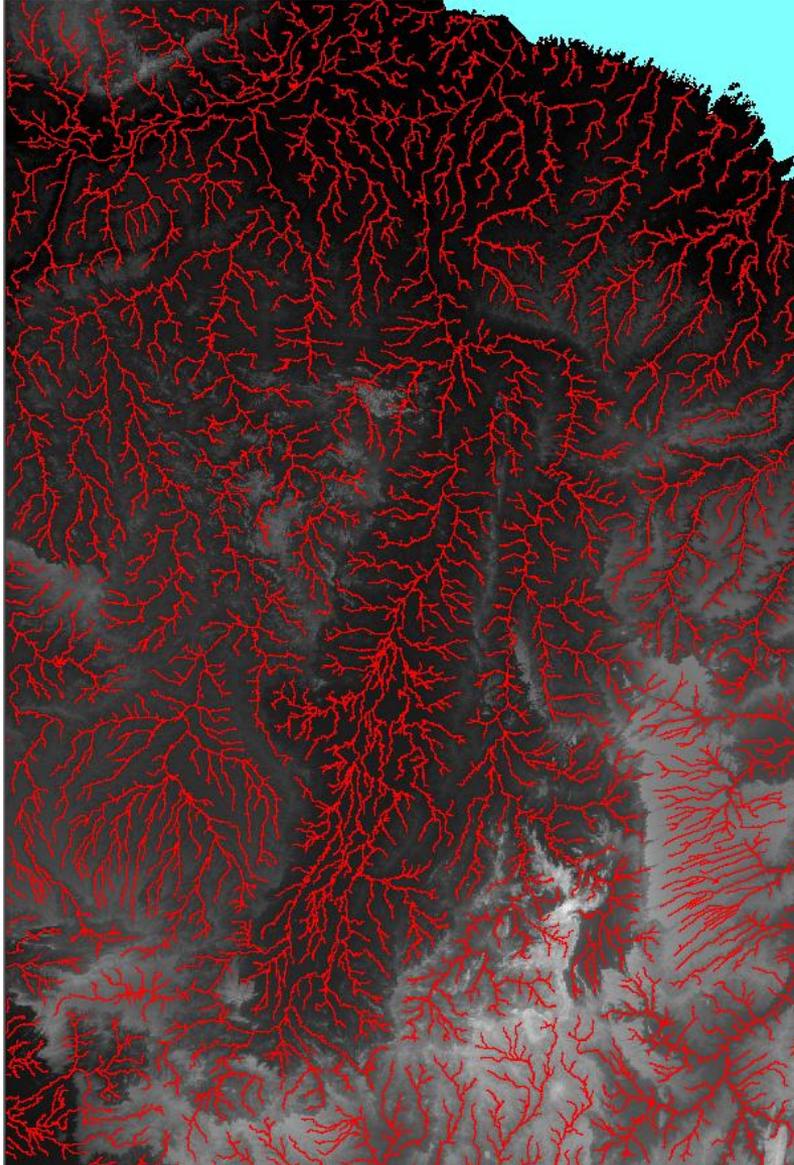
Colunas: 14.402

Fossos: 15.893.139

Tempo: 26:34:54 h

Acumulada: 14:55 min

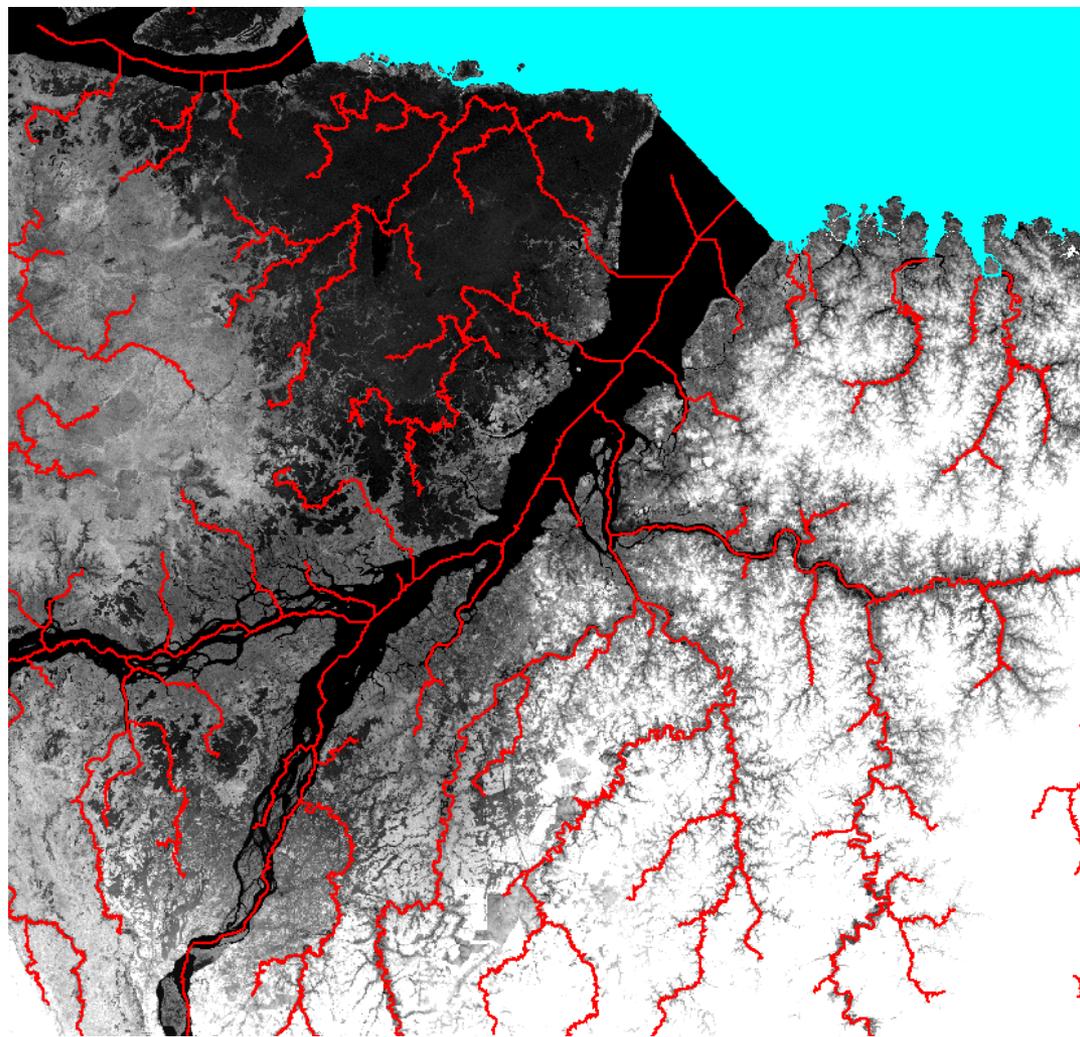
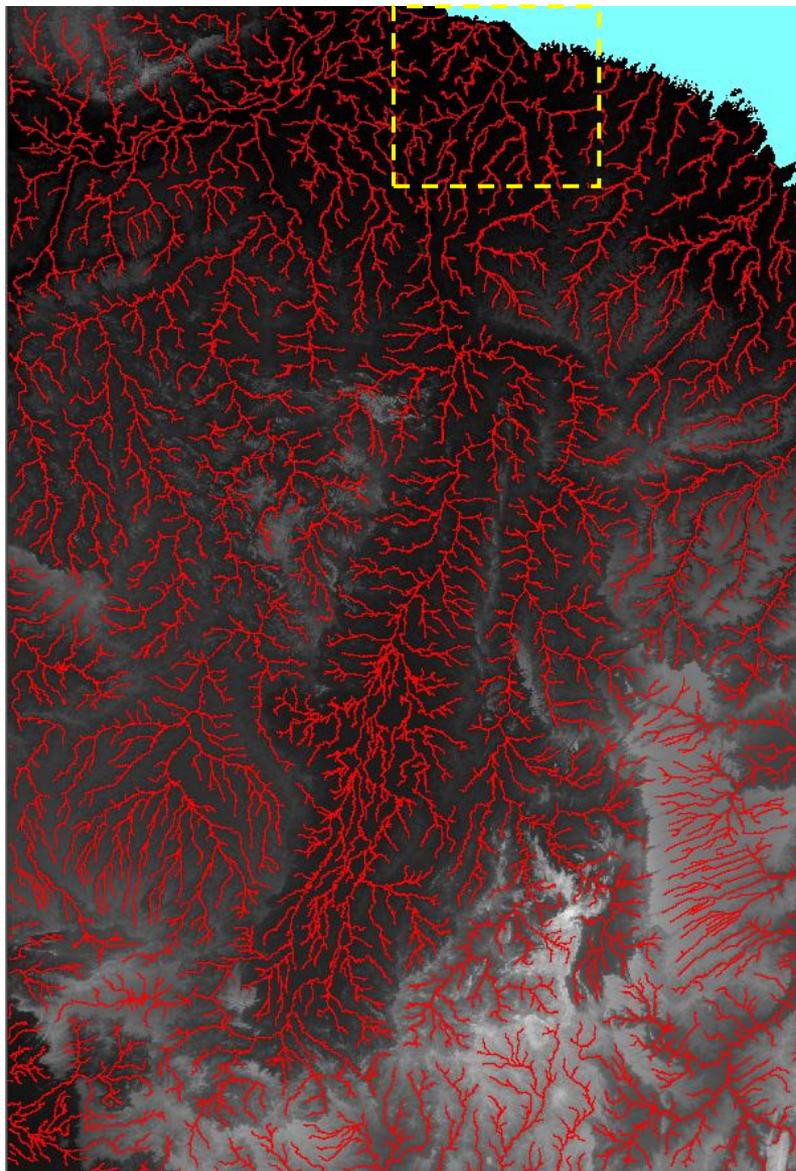
Tocantins Drenagem



Valor de corte: 30.000

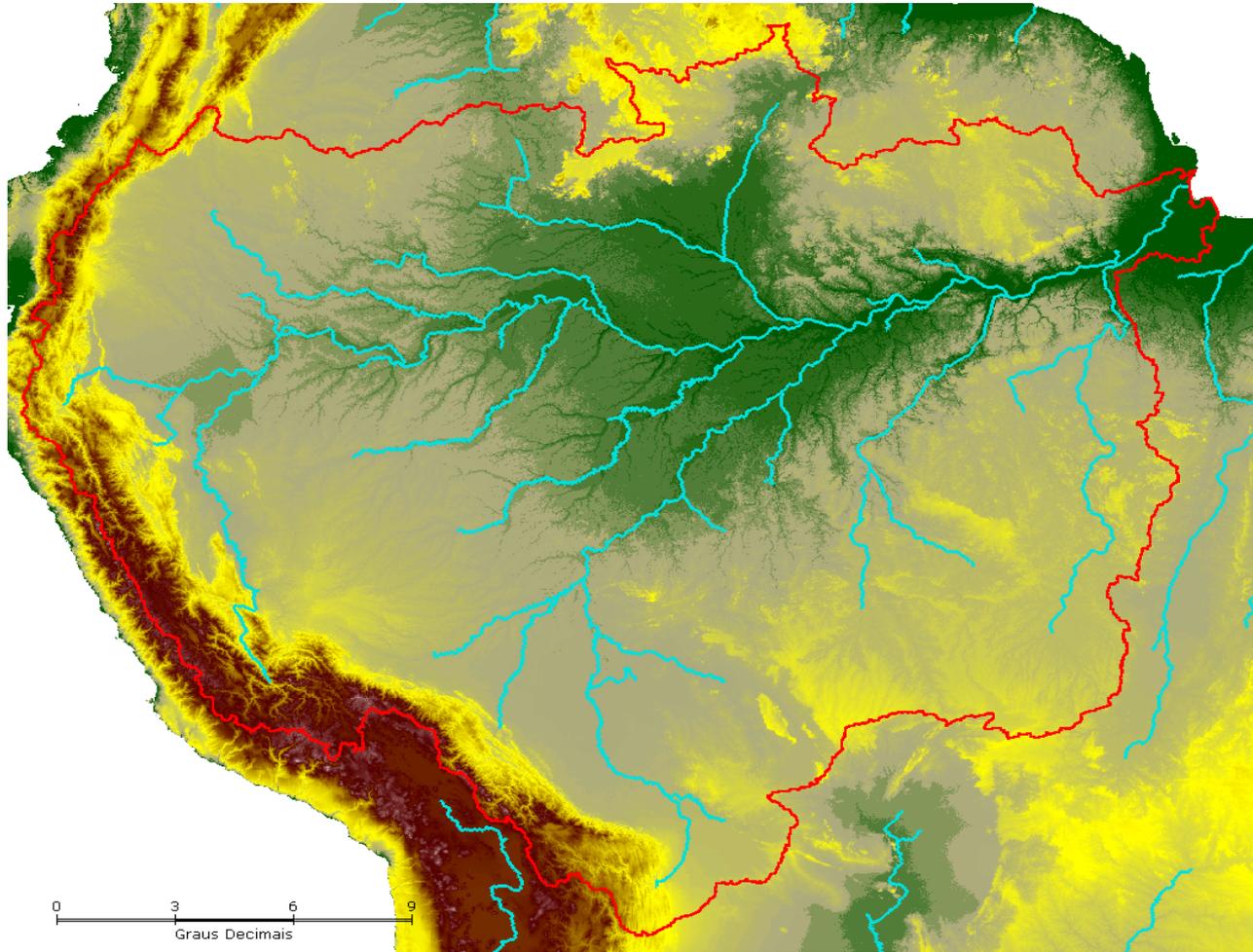
Maior Ordem: 6

Tocantins Drenagem Zoom



Saturado em 40 metros

BACIA AMAZÔNICA

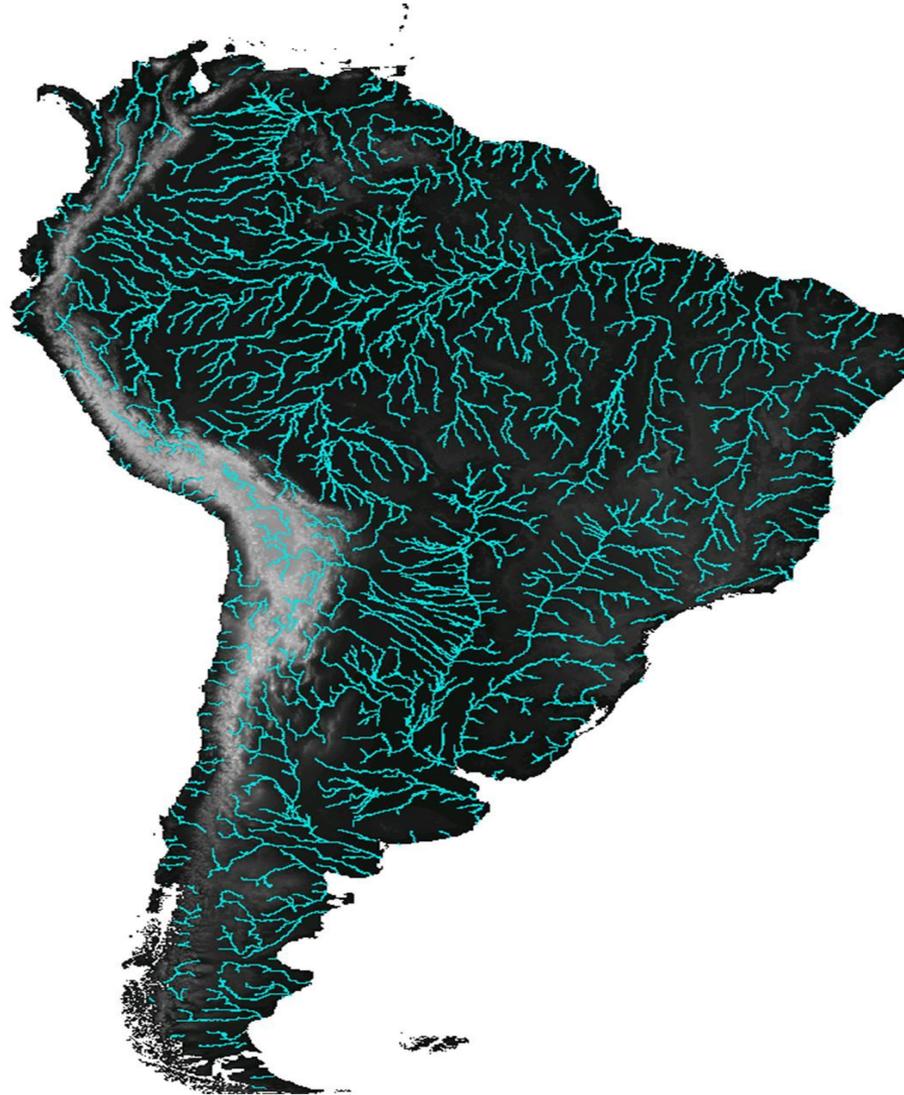


32.400 linhas

38.400 colunas

65.670.466 fossos

AMÉRICA DO SUL

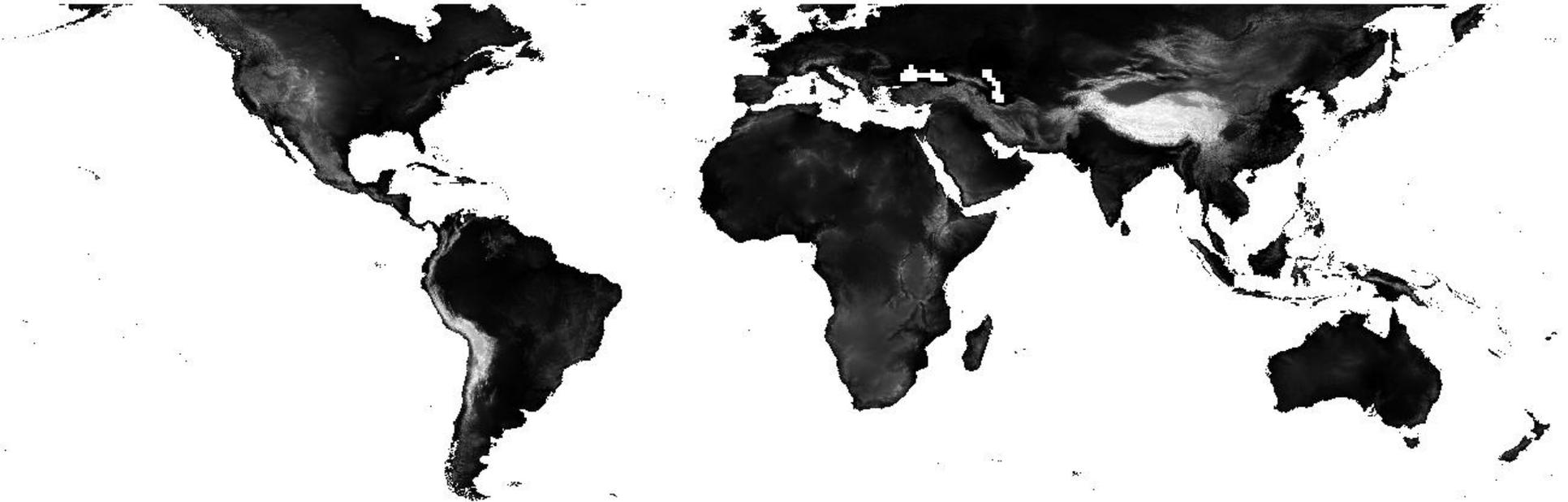


60.001 linhas

84,001 colunas

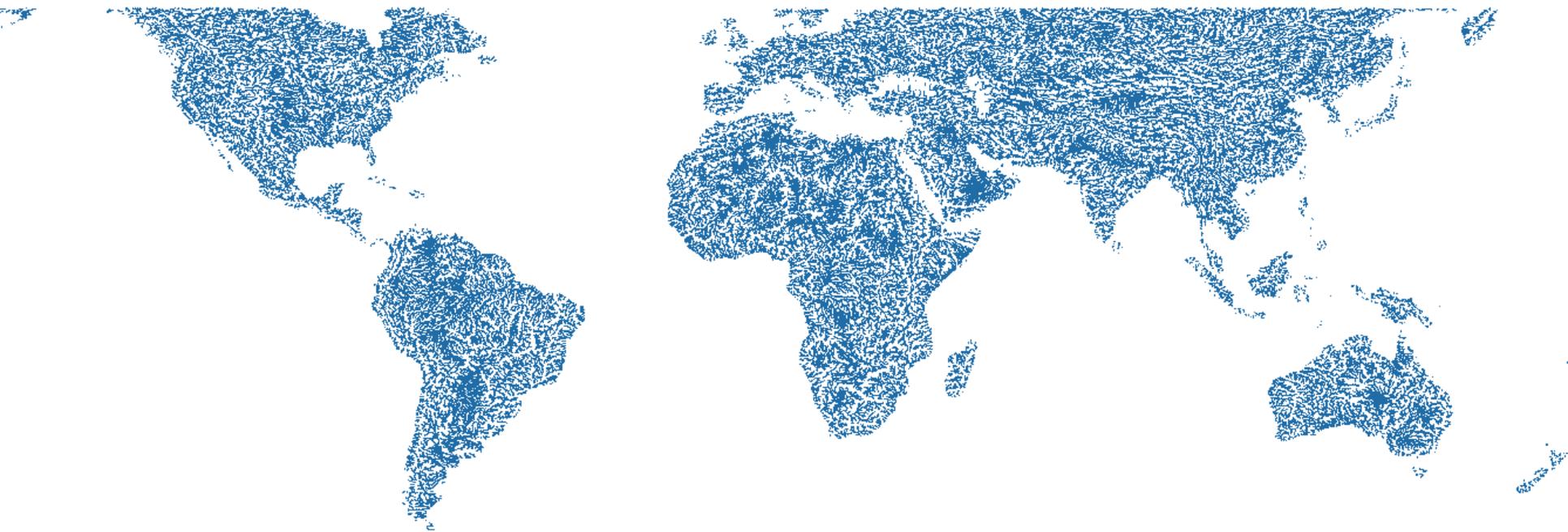
161.135.443 fossos

MUNDO – SRTM 90m

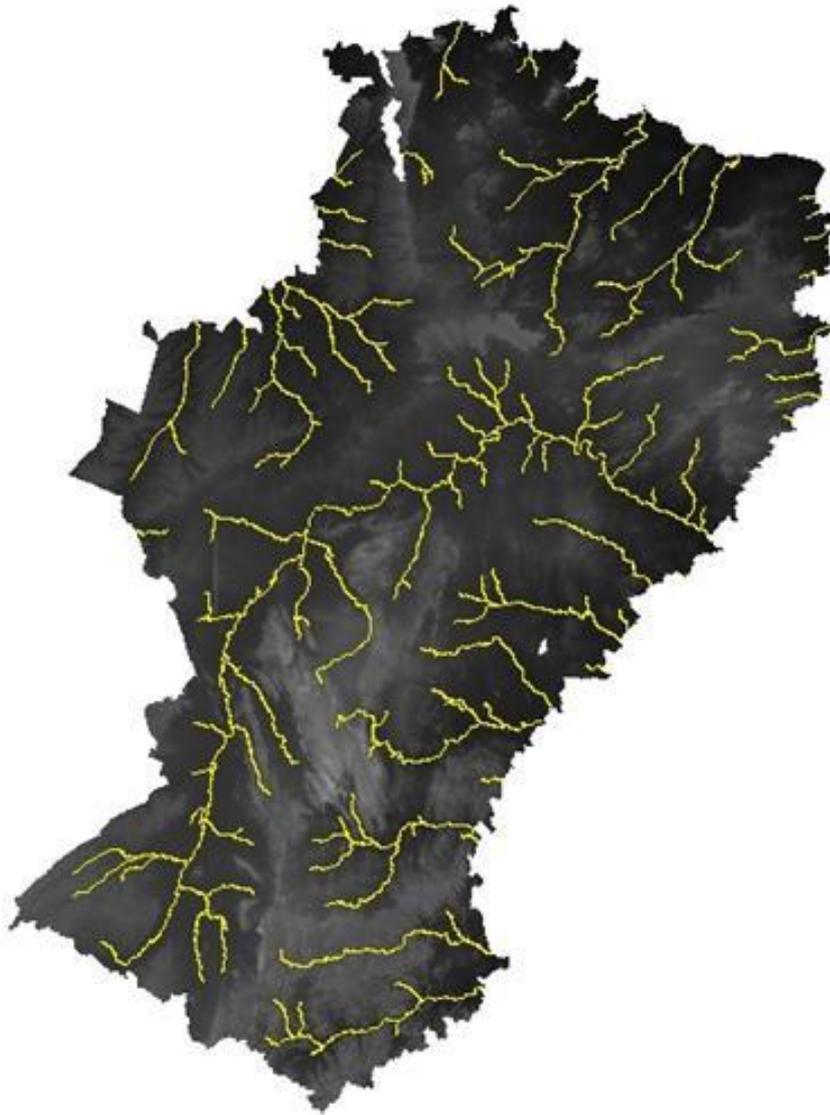


DRENAGEM - MUNDO – SRTM 90m

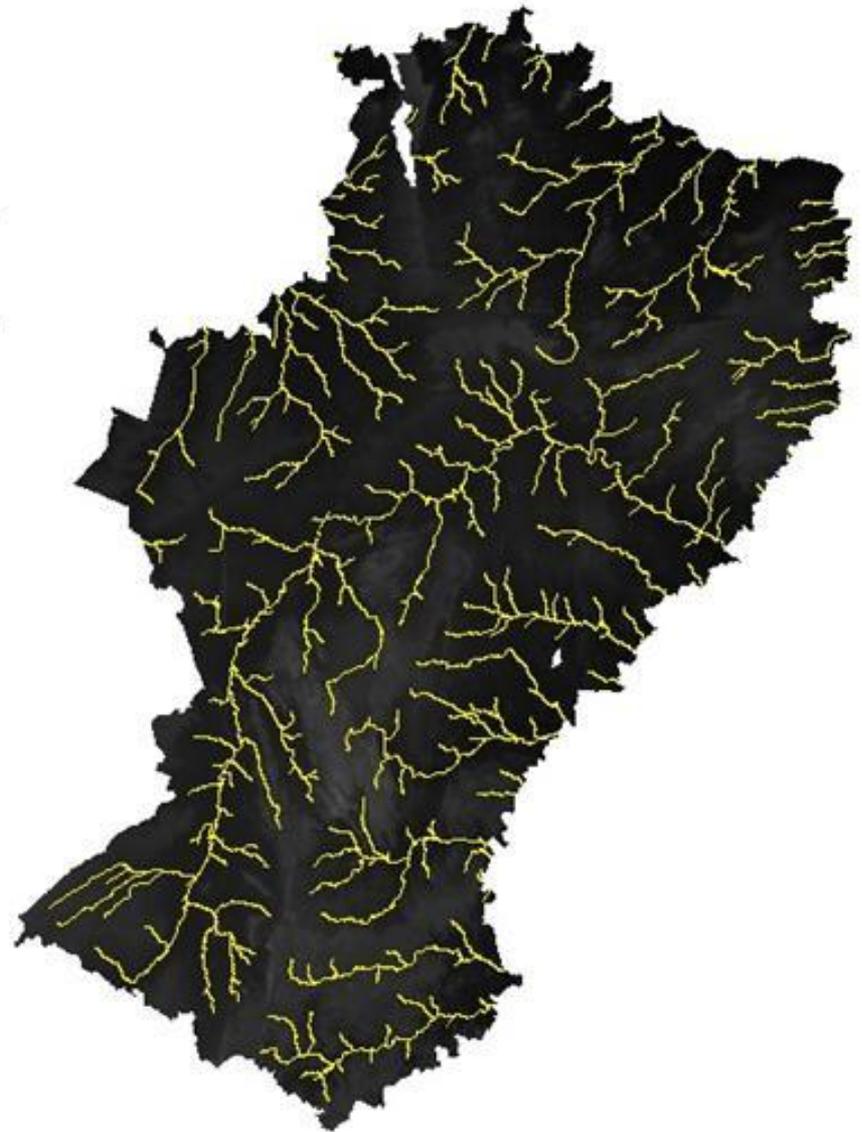
Tempo de processamento: 2 dias



SEMIÁRIDO

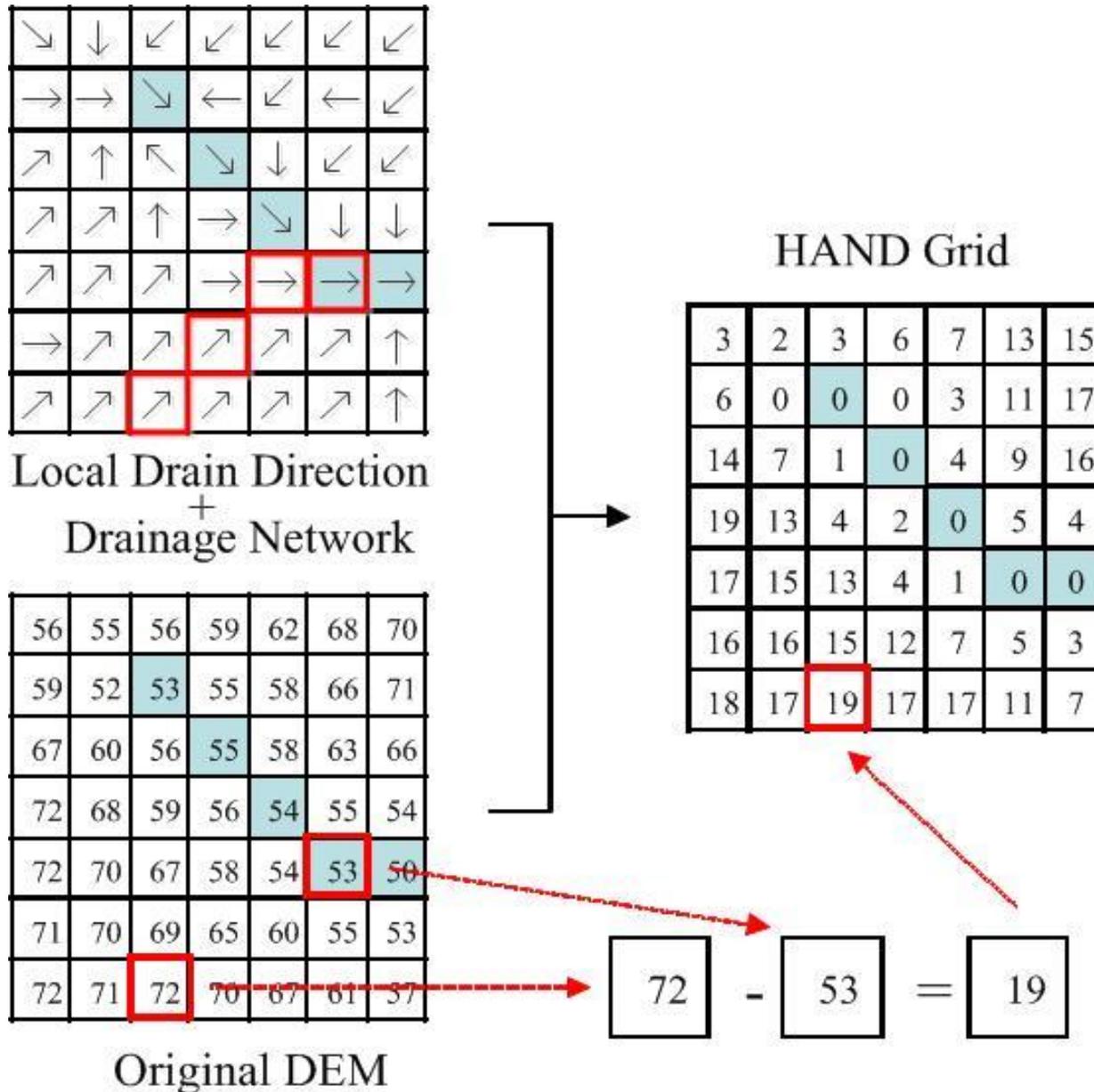


(a)

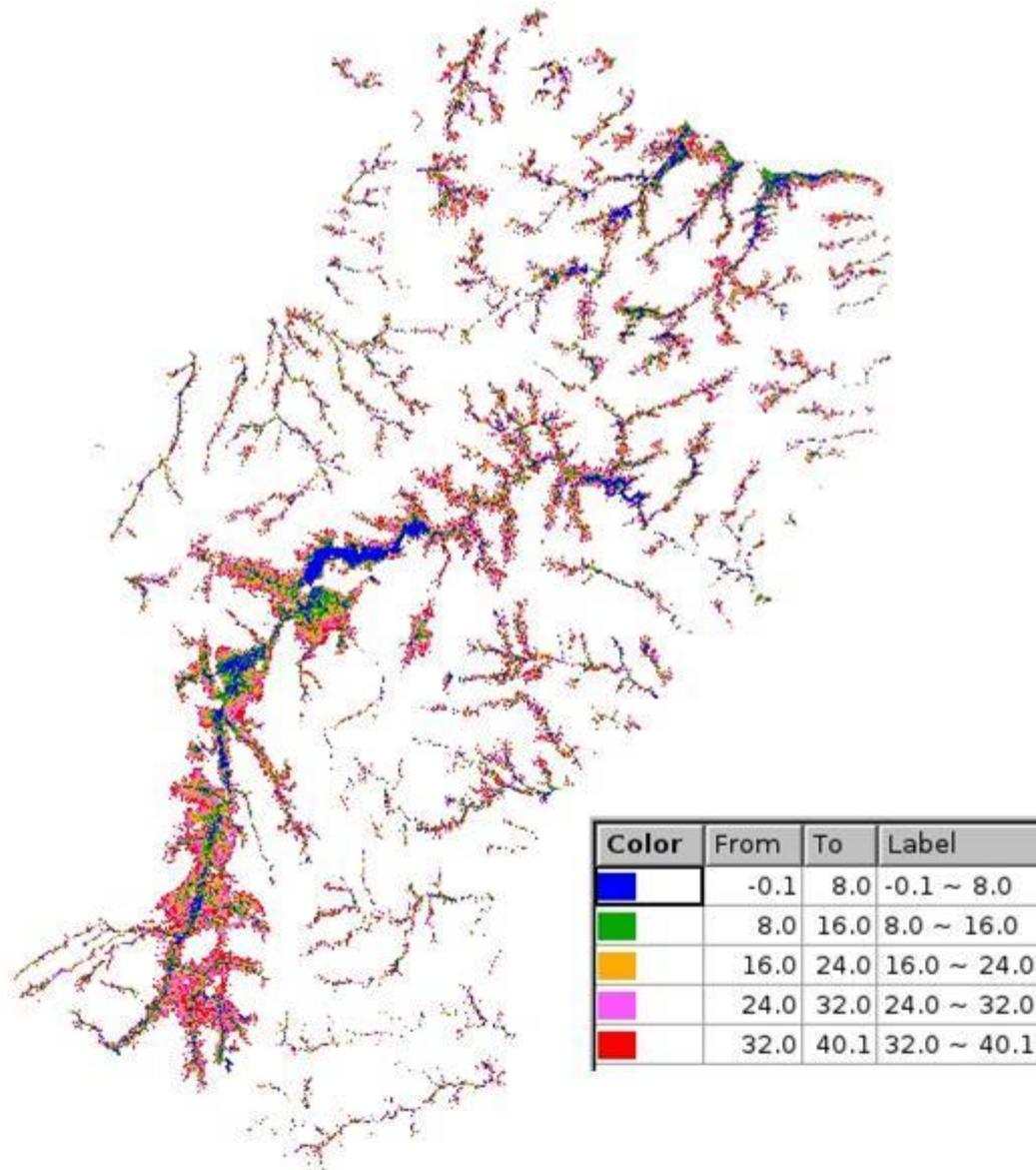


(b)

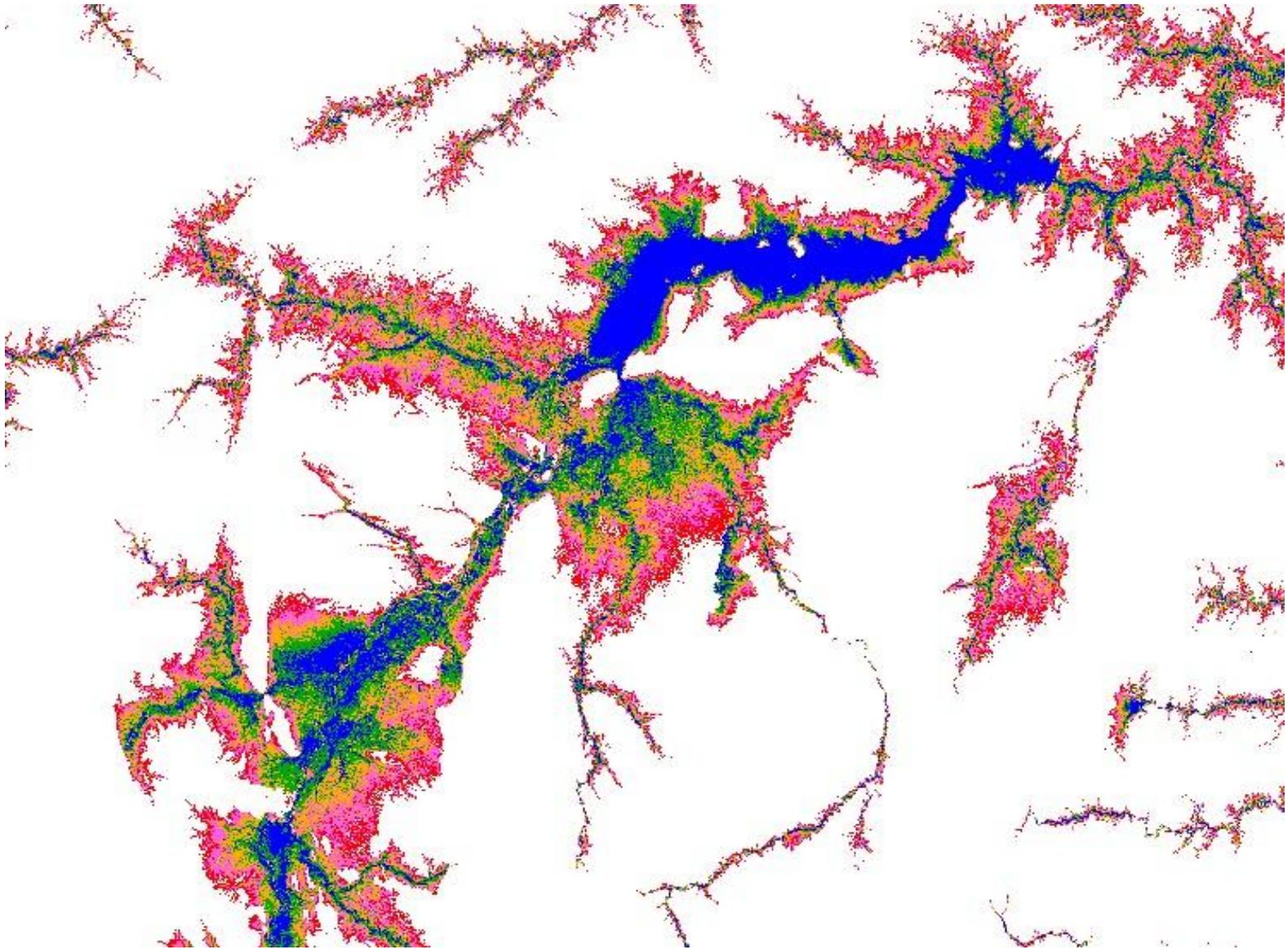
HAND – Height Above the Nearest Drainage



HAND – Semiárido



HAND – Zoom



TERRAHIDRO - HOJE

- Linhas de comandos
- Plugin do QGIS

LINHAS DE COMANDOS

Consider as input the DEM of the Tocantins basin located at “C:\data\tocantinsDEM.tif”.

1. Generate a pitless DEM from the input DEM: the `removepits` functionality executes the `carvev`, `simplepits`, and `pfs` functionalities, in this order.

```
C:\data>th removepits tocantinsDEM.tif tocantinsPitlessDEM.tif
```

2. Generate the D8 flow directions from the pitless DEM.

```
C:\data>th d8 tocantinsPitlessDEM.tif tocantinsD8.tif
```

3. Generate the contributing area from the D8 flow directions.

```
C:\data>th d8ca tocantinsD8.tif tocantinsD8ContributingArea.tif
```

LINHAS DE COMANDOS

4. Generate the drainage network from the contributing area: this step requires a threshold value for the minimum contributing area.

```
C:\data>th d8drainage tocantinsD8ContributingArea.tif  
tocantinsDrainage.tif 1000
```

5. Generate the drainage network vector file from the grid file.

```
C:\data>th d8drainagev tocantinsDrainage.tif tocantinsD8.tif  
tocantinsDrainage.shp
```

6. Generate the drainage network segments.

Each drainage segment is identified by a unique integer.

```
C:\data>th segments tocantinsD8.tif tocantinsDrainage.tif  
tocantinsSegments.tif
```

7. Generate the drainage network minibasins.

```
C:\data>th minibasins tocantinsD8.tif tocantinsSegments.tif  
tocantinsMinibasins.tif
```

Obrigado!

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- www.dpi.inpe.br